

SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

SUSAN DAVEY PROPERTY 1279/1281 East Main Street El Cajon, California

SECOR Job #08OT.04926.00

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August 20, 2002

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

This report presents the results of site assessment activities completed by SECOR International Incorporated (SECOR) at the Susan Davey Property (formerly the Wurzell Estate Property), located at 1279/1281 East Main Street in El Cajon, California (Figure 1). The purpose of this investigation was to evaluate the vertical and areal extent of hydrocarbon-impacted soil and groundwater upgradient and downgradient of, and proximal to, the former underground storage tank (UST) excavation and the former fuel dispenser islands. Field activities were conducted in accordance with SECOR's Work Plan to Perform Additional Site Assessment dated March 12, 2001 (Workplan), and the County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Land and Water Quality Division (LWQD) Workplan approval letter, dated April 3, 2001.

1.2 SCOPE OF SERVICES

The following scope of services was performed during the assessment:

- Prepared a site-specific Health and Safety Plan to address potential hazards at the site during assessment activities;
- Obtained a drilling permit from the LWQD for advancement of three soil borings;
- Met with utility representatives to identify and mark locations of subsurface utilities;
- Collected 13 soil vapor samples from six shallow soil boring locations (VP-8 through VP-13; see Figure 2);
 analyzed all of the samples for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes (BTEX);
- Supervised the excavation of two trenches (Trench#1 and Trench#2) in the former fuel dispensing area, and the advancement of three soil borings (SB-4 through SB-6);
- Collected 16 soil samples from the trench excavation (seven total) and soil borings (nine total); monitored headspace organic vapors in soil samples with an organic vapor analyzer (OVA) during sampling activities; and analyzed soil samples collected during site assessment activities for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg), BTEX and methyl-t-butyl ether (MTBE;
- Purged seven groundwater monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-7); collected representative groundwater sample from each well; and Analyzed groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-7 for TPHg, BTEX, MTBE, and four other fuel oxygenates, which were t-butyl alcohol (TBA), diisopropyl ether (DIPE), ethyl-t-butyl ether (ETBE), and t-amyl methyl-ether (TAME);
- Performed a health risk assessment to evaluate potential cancer risk to employees of the on-site businesses;
- Performed a sensitive receptor survey to evaluate potential sensitive receptors in the site vicinity;
- Prepared this report to include a discussion of field procedures, findings and conclusions.

2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION

The subject site is located at the southwest corner of the intersection of East Main Street and Second Street in El Cajon, California. The property is occupied by a Der Wienerschnitzel fast-food restaurant, Los Panchos Restaurant (a Mexican restaurant), an asphalt parking area, and various planters and grass areas (Figure 2).

2.2 SITE BACKGROUND

Initial Investigation

During a Phase I environmental site assessment (ESA) conducted by SECOR, records were found which indicated that the site had been operated as a gasoline station from approximately 1960 through 1982 (Figure 3). A review of Polk Directories for the site listed the occupants as Lee's Shell from 1960 to 1969, and Hudson Oil Company from 1970 to 1982. According to LWQD records, four UST systems were removed from the site in 1984 and 1985. Based on a sketch found in the files at the City of El Cajon Fire Department, and a 1973 aerial photograph, the USTs were located in the northeast portion of the site. Currently, this area is covered by the footprint of the Der Wienerschnitzel building. No information was available on the size or contents of the USTs. According to LWQD records, no soil sampling was conducted during UST removal.

First Subsurface Soil Assessment

In July 1996, soil borings B-1, B-2, and B-3 (see Figure 2) were advanced to depths ranging from 14 to 18 feet below ground surface (bgs). The borings were drilled to evaluate the potential presence of hydrocarbon impacted soil and groundwater from historic releases from the former UST systems. Soil samples were collected at approximately 4-foot depth intervals, and grab groundwater samples were collected from each boring to evaluate groundwater quality. TPHg soil concentrations ranged from 410 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) in a soil sample from boring B-2 collected at 6.5 feet bgs (sample B2-6.5) to 10,000 mg/kg in sample B2-11; see Figure 4 and Table 1). No TPHg concentrations above laboratory detection limits were reported in the boring B-1 samples collected at 6, 10.5, 15, and 18 feet bgs; and in three samples collected below the water table in borings B-2 and B-3 (at sample depths ranging from 14 to 18 feet bgs). Benzene concentrations ranged from nondetectable (<0.05 mg/kg) in seven samples to 29 mg/kg in sample B2-11. A total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbon (TRPH) concentration of 6,400 mg/kg was reported for sample B3-11. TPHg concentrations in the grab groundwater samples ranged from 40,000 micrograms per liter (μg/L). Similarly, benzene concentrations in the three grab groundwater samples ranged from 89 to 10,000 μg/L (see Table 2).

The preliminary analytical results were forwarded to the LWQD, which opened an unauthorized release case for the site. Based on the soil and groundwater petroleum hydrocarbon constituent concentrations and the location of the site within a beneficial groundwater use area, the LWQD directed that a site assessment be performed to evaluate the extent of hydrocarbon impact to soil and groundwater.

First Groundwater Conditions Assessment

In March 1998, a SECOR geologist supervised the drilling and sampling of four shallow well borings (MW-1 through MW-4, see Figure 2). Each well boring was completed as a groundwater monitoring well. No TPHg concentrations above the laboratory reportable limit (10 mg/kg) were reported in the soil samples collected from well borings MW-1 through MW-3. One of the three soil samples from well boring MW-4 (the 10-foot depth sample) contained 2,851 mg/kg TPHg with 16 mg/kg benzene. Following development, each of the newly installed monitoring wells was sampled. The representative groundwater samples from all four wells i:word\reports\SusanDavey\SusanDavey\Property01(SAR)

newly installed monitoring wells was sampled. The representative groundwater samples from all four wells contained detectable concentrations of TPHg and BTEX constituents. Well MW-2 contained the highest concentrations of each analyzed constituent. The MW-2 groundwater sample contained 174,000 μ g/L, with respective BTEX analyte concentrations of 3,940; 3,620; 1,500; and 4,310 μ g/L. MTBE was detected only in the MW-1 groundwater sample (at 17.6 μ g/L). None of the samples contained detectable soluble lead concentrations above 100 μ g/L.

The results of the groundwater characterization assessment were presented to the LWQD in a report, titled *Site Assessment Report*, dated April 28, 1998. The LWQD reviewed the report and requested additional site assessment. Better determination of the lateral extent of hydrocarbon impacted groundwater was required, as well as an evaluation of the potential cancer risk to employees of the existing on-site businesses.

Second Subsurface Soil Assessment

On April 19, 1999, a SECOR geologist supervised the advancement of seven shallow soil vapor probes (VP-1 through VP-7; see Figure 2). Soil vapor samples were collected from each newly-installed vapor probe. Vapor samples collected from the four vapor probes located adjacent to the Der Wienerschnitzel building (VP-1 through VP-4) contained benzene concentrations ranging from nondetectable less than 0.1 μ g/L to 1,079 μ g/L at 2 feet bgs and from 2.8 μ g/L to 750 μ g/L at 5 feet bgs. By contrast, vapor samples collected from the three vapor probes adjacent to the Los Panchos Restaurant (VP-5 through VP-7) contained nondetectable benzene vapor concentrations in both depth intervals (2 and 5 feet bgs). The laboratory detection limit was 0.1 μ g/L. Based on the results of the soil vapor migration study and the health risk assessment, SECOR concluded that the increased cancer risk to workers in the on-site businesses (due to residual benzene concentrations beneath the site) is less than a one in a million.

Second Groundwater Conditions Assessment

On May 31 and June 7, 2000, a SECOR geologist supervised the drilling and sampling of three additional well borings (MW-5 through MW-7; see Figure 2). Each well boring was completed as a shallow groundwater monitoring well. No TPHg, benzene or MTBE concentrations above the laboratory reporting limits were found in the soil samples from well borings MW-5 through MW-7. The laboratory reporting limits were 0.5 to 10 mg/kg for TPHg, 0.005 mg/kg for BTEX constitutents, and 0.005 mg/kg for MTBE. Following development, each of the existing and newly-installed monitoring wells was purged and sampled. The groundwater samples from wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-4 contained detectable concentrations of TPHg and BTEX constituents; those in the sample from well MW-2 were the highest. The MW-2 groundwater sample was found to contain 7,900 μ g/L TPHg, with respective BTEX concentrations of 1,100; 340; 420; and 1,000 μ g/L. No TPHg or BTEX constituent concentrations above the respective laboratory reporting limits (0.5 to 50 μ g/L) were found in the groundwater samples from wells MW-3 and MW-5 through MW-7. Similarly, no MTBE concentrations were detected in the groundwater samples from wells MW-2, MW-3, and MW-5 through MW-7. MTBE concentrations of 52 and 1.2 μ g/L were reported for wells MW-1 and MW-4, respectively.

Subsurface Utility Survey

In June 2000, SECOR personnel conducted a subsurface utility survey. As part of the work scope, SECOR reviewed available subsurface utility maps prepared by San Diego Gas and Electric (SDG&E) (for gas and electric lines), Pacific Bell (for telephone lines), Helix Water District (for water supply lines), and the City of El Cajon (for sanitary sewer lines). The results of the map search were field-truthed. The purpose of the investigation was to identify potential man-made contaminant migration pathways in the vicinity of the subject property. Several utility lines were determined to be present, at depths ranging from approximately 3

to 5 feet bgs, in the site vicinity. Utility line research also indicated the presence of sewer lines located in the site vicinity. Since the burial depths of these sewer lines were unknown, SECOR concluded that the lines potentially could provide a hydrocarbon migration pathway.

The results of SECOR's May 2000 groundwater conditions investigation and June 2000 subsurface utility survey were presented to the LWQD in a document, titled *Site Assessment Report* (SAR), dated August 22, 2000. Following review of the SAR, the LWQD requested that an additional site assessment be performed at the site. Specifically, the LWQD directed that a better determination of the lateral and vertical extent of hydrocarbon-impacted soil in the vicinity of the former UST system be performed. The LWQD also required reevaluation of the potential cancer risk to workers at the on-site businesses (e.g., Der Wienerschnitzel fastfood restaurant); and performance of a survey of potential sensitive receptors in the site vicinity.

Current Site Investigation

The results of this additional site assessment are included in succeeding sections of this report. Section 4.0 presents the results of the off-site well and sensitive receptor surveys. Section 5.0 presents the soil vapor health risk assessment results. Intrusive site investigation activities are presented in Section 6.0. Details of the chemical testing program are provided in Section 7.0. The findings of this investigation and conclusions regarding the areal and vertical extent of hydrocarbon-impacted subsurface soil and groundwater are presented in Sections 8.0 and 9.0, respectively.

3.0 REGIONAL GEOLOGIC AND HYDROGEOLOGIC SETTING

3.1 GEOLOGIC SETTING

According to Kennedy (1975), the El Cajon area consists of Holocene-age alluvial sediments, underlain by pre-Tertiary-age granitic rocks of the Southern California Batholith. Drilling and soil sampling activities performed by SECOR personnel indicate that the subject site is underlain by artificial fill overlying Quaternary-age alluvium. Observations made during drilling activities suggest that the site lithology, to a depth of at least 20 feet bgs, generally consists of sands, clayey sands, silty sands, and silts.

3.2 HYDROGEOLOGIC SETTING

According to the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), the subject site is located in the El Cajon Hydrologic Subarea (HSA 7.13) of the Lower San Diego Hydrologic Area (HA 7.10) of the San Diego Hydrologic Unit (HU 7.00). Groundwater in the El Cajon HSA has been designated as beneficial use for municipal and agricultural supply, and potentially beneficial use for industrial service and process water supply. Based on review of a map prepared the County Water Authority (1996), the site is located at the boundary of a sensitive aquifer (9-16).

Depth to first encounter of groundwater beneath the subject site varies seasonally from approximately 8 to 11 feet bgs. Groundwater in the shallow aquifer is under unconfined conditions. Therefore, the water table represents the surface of the uppermost aquifer. Groundwater flow direction is toward the northwest at a gradient ranging from 0.009 feet per foot (ft/ft).

4.0 OFF-SITE WELL AND SENSITIVE RECEPTOR RESEARCH

SECOR performed an off-site sensitive receptor survey to evaluate potential adverse impacts of the dissolved gasoline plume on surrounding sensitive receptors. For the purposes of this evaluation, the sensitive receptors researched were domestic or production water supply wells, surface water bodies, schools and day care centers. As part of the evaluation, SECOR performed the following activities: 1) reviewed agency water well databases; 2) reviewed the EcoSearchTM and GeoTrackerTM databases; 3) reviewed the U.S.G.S. El Cajon, California 7.5-minute quadrangle topographic map; and, 4) performed a windshield survey of properties located within a 550-foot radius of the site vicinity. SECOR also contacted personnel from the San Diego Water Authority for information on sources of potable water for the neighborhood.

During the agency database research, five water wells were identified within a one half-mile radius of the subject site. All were located hydrologically cross-gradient (i.e., with respect to the groundwater flow direction) to the site. All of these wells were listed as "destroyed" on the database reviewed at the Department of Environmental Health. None of the identified wells were located within a 500-foot radius of the subject site.

SECOR personnel conducted a field receptor survey (windshield survey) to confirm the existence or absence of the wells identified in the agency database research. During the field receptor survey, no surface water bodies, schools or day care facilities were identified within a 500-foot radius of the subject site.

Based on evaluation findings, it appears that there are no sensitive receptors including domestic or production groundwater wells, surface water bodies, schools or day care centers within a 500-foot radius of the subject site.

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5.0 SOIL VAPOR RISK ASSESSMENT

SECOR performed a health risk assessment to evaluate the potential impact of motor fuel hydrocarbon vapors to workers at the Der Wienerschnitzel fast-food restaurant located on-site. This assessment included calculations using actual benzene concentrations obtained from soil vapor analyses. The purpose of this assessment was to demonstrate that soil and groundwater benzene concentrations beneath the site present less than a one in a million increased cancer risk. The assessment was performed using data obtained April 19, 1999, and January 22, 2002.

5.1 SOIL VAPOR RISK ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES

On January 22, 2002, SECOR personnel conducted a supplemental soil vapor survey at the site. The survey included installation and sampling of six additional soil vapor probes (VP-8 through VP-13; see Figure 2) around the perimeter of the Der Wienerschnitzel fast-food restaurant building. The soil vapor sampling locations were selected to evaluate the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in vapors beneath the building. The sampling locations were selected to assess areas that had not been covered during the April 1999 soil vapor survey. Vapor samples were collected from each vapor probe at approximate depths of 2 and 5 feet bgs.

HP Labs (HP) of Solana Beach, California performed the soil vapor survey. HP (1998) describes the typical sampling procedures used to collect and analyze soil vapor samples at similar sites. The sampling apparatus consists of polyethylene tubing within a 1.5-inch nominal diameter push rod (drive tube), connected to a syringe within a hardened-steel drop-off point. The vapor sampling point is threaded onto the leading edge of a 1.5-inch nominal diameter probe rod and advanced to the desired sampling depth using a Strataprobe® hydraulic direct-push drilling system. Once inserted to the desired depth, the probe rod is retracted approximately one to two inches, thereby exposing the vapor sampling port to the subsurface soil. Approximately three dead volumes of air then are extracted through the syringe to flush the sample probe and tubing prior collecting the sample. Upon completion of vapor purging, the soil vapor samples are collected using a 30-cubic centimeter (cc) vacuum syringe. Each 30-cc syringe is transported to a mobile laboratory onsite for immediate analysis. Each direct-push boring then is backfilled with hydrated granular bentonite and capped with either cold-patch asphalt or cement paste to match the original surface.

HP performed the vapor survey at the site in accordance with the above-described procedures. Downhole drilling and sampling equipment either were changed out (i.e., the disposable vapor sampling points) or thoroughly decontaminated between uses (i.e., undamaged drive tubes). Drive tubes that were bent or otherwise rendered unserviceable were decontaminated and discarded. Decontamination consisted of scrubbing in a tri-sodium phosphate detergent solution, rinsing in a tap water bath, and final rinsing in a deionized water bath.

5.2 SOIL VAPOR SAMPLE ANALYTICAL TESTING PROGRAM

Twelve soil vapor samples were submitted for analysis to the HP mobile laboratory. HP is a state-certified laboratory based in Escondido, California. The soil vapor samples were analyzed for BTEX constituents by U.S. EPA Method 8260B

5.3 SOIL VAPOR ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Soil vapor sample analytical result, including locations and sample depths, are summarized in Table 4. A copy of the HP laboratory report is provided in Appendix A.

Benzene vapor concentration ranged from 4.1 to 75 micrograms per liter (μ g/L) in the four samples with detectable concentrations. Benzene vapors were not detected in eight samples; the laboratory detection limit was 0.1 μ g/L. Similar vapor concentration distributions were noted for toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes. For each compound, the laboratory detection limit was 0.1 μ g/L. Toluene vapor concentrations ranged from 1.3 to 4.1 μ g/L in seven samples; ethylbenzene vapor concentrations ranging from 1.2 to 3.9 μ g/L in three samples; and total xylenes vapor concentrations ranged from 1.6 to 4.5 μ g/L in three samples.

The highest BTEX analyte vapor concentrations were found in the 5-foot sample from vapor probe VP-10 (sample VP10-5) for benzene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes; and the 5-foot sample from VP11 (sample VP11-5) for toluene. As shown on Figure 2, sample VP10-5 was collected near the northeast corner of the Der Wienerschnitzel building; and sample VP11-5 was taken at the northwest corner of a grassy area to the northwest of the building.

5.4 SOIL VAPOR MIGRATION AND RISK ASSESSMENT

SECOR used the soil vapor sample analytical data in Table 4 to estimate the potential cancer risk to humans resulting from diffusion of benzene vapors (the selected target compound) from hydrocarbon-impacted soil and groundwater, through the vadose zone and into a commercial building built on a typical slab-on-grade foundation. The benzene vapor concentrations in the 2-foot and 5-foot depth samples were averaged (by the arithmetic mean method) to derive a single value for running the selected vapor migration and risk assessment model (see succeeding paragraphs). Where actual analytical concentrations were less than the laboratory detection limit, the detection limit of $0.1~\mu g/L$ was used. The January 2002 analytical data and the April 1999 analytical data were averaged together to determine an arithmetic mean concentration for use in the risk assessment model.

In accordance with the current and foreseeable future use of the site, conservative SAM commercial/industrial worker exposure criteria were used. The risk assessment was performed using the SAM Vapor Risk Assessment Model (Version: November 1999; Revised: January 8, 2002). The calculations were completed using the SAM default and site-specific parameters indicated below:

Molecular Diffusivity for Benzene = 0.088 centimeters squared per second (cm²/sec);

Slab Attenuation Factor = 0.1 (SAM conservative default for an older concrete slab);

Ventilation Rate = 0.83 air exchanges per hour (commercial/industrial default);

- Room Height = 8 feet (SAM conservative default);
- Total Soil Porosity = 0.3 (SAM conservative default
- Soil Air Porosity = 0.2 (SAM conservative default
- 1.06 μg/L benzene and 2.09 μg/L benzene (site specific, arithmetic mean concentrations at respective depths of 2 feet bgs (0.61 meters) and 5 feet bgs (1.52 meters); and
- The total indoor air concentration (C_t) of benzene was calculated using the average of the soil vapor sample analytical results for samples collected at 2 and 5 feet bgs of 1.06 and 2.09 μg/L, respectively. Based on these results, benzene C_t estimates by the model are 1.42 E-04 and 1.12E-04 μg/L, using data from 2 and 5 feet bgs, respectively.

Cancer risk calculations using the resulting benzene C_t estimate were performed using equations from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Risk Assessment Guidance (RAG) for Superfund Sites (EPA, 1989). The calculations were completed using the conservative SAM default parameters in the model as indicated below:

- Slope Factor = 0.1 milligrams per kilograms-day (mg/kg-day)-1;
- Inhalation Rate = 20 cubic meters per day m³/day;
- Body Weight = 70 kilograms;
- Averaging Time = 25,550 days (70 years);
- Exposure Time = 12 hours/day (commercial/industrial);
- Exposure Duration = 250 days/year (commercial/industrial); and
- Reference Dose = 0.0017 mg/kg-day.

The potential cancer risk to humans from benzene vapor at 2 feet bgs was calculated to be 4.96E-07, equating to a cancer probability of 1 in 2,016,129. The potential cancer risk to humans from benzene vapor at 5 feet bgs was calculated to be 3.93E-07, equating to a cancer probability of 1 in 2,544,529. These results indicate that the benzene vapor beneath the site does not pose a significant threat to human health. A copy of the printouts of the SAM Vapor Risk Assessment Model spreadsheets for the "Susan Davey Property--Typical Commercial Building" is presented in Appendix B.

The conservative health risk calculations indicate that, under current subsurface conditions and commercial/industrial exposure criteria, benzene vapor migration into the building should not pose a threat to human health of workers above a one-in-a-million risk level. The most conservative concentrations and risk scenarios indicate that the increased potential cancer risk is less than the SAM acceptable cancer risk.

6.0 SITE ASSESSMENT METHODS

This section presents a description of the field methods and procedures that were used to conduct intrusive investigations of subsurface soil and groundwater conditions at the site.

6.1 PRE-FIELD PREPARATION

6.1.1 Health And Safety Plan

A site-specific Health and Safety Plan was prepared by SECOR prior to initiation of field activities. On-site personnel were required to review the Health and Safety Plan prior to commencement of the site assessment and were instructed to conduct field activities in accordance with plan guidelines.

6.1.2 Drilling Permit

Prior to commencing assessment activities, SECOR submitted a permit application and appropriate fees to the LWQD for the installation of three soil borings. The LWQD approved the permit request on December 10, 2001. A copy of the approved drilling permit is provided in Appendix C.

6.1.3 Underground Utility Clearance

Prior to drilling activities, potential drilling locations were marked on-site and Underground Service Alert (USA) was notified. USA notified local utility companies of the scheduled subsurface investigation, and underground utilities were marked by affected utility representatives. In addition, SECOR met with Subsurface Alert, Inc., a private utility locator, to mark on-site underground utilities.

6.2 TRENCHING AND SOIL SAMPLING

To determine whether an abandoned product piping was present, SECOR performed a shallow exploratory excavation adjacent to the former fuel dispenser islands. On February 7, 2002, a SECOR geologist supervised the excavation of subsurface soil in this area. Trench 1 was excavated along a 53-foot length to a depth of 3 feet bgs. Similarly, Trench 2 was excavated along a 58-foot length to the same depth. The excavation activities were performed by Qual-Pac Services. Following the excavation activities, SECOR collected seven soil samples (SS-1 through SS-7; see Figure 4) from the floor of the trenches. The soil samples were collected, screened for the presence of organic vapors, and prepared using the procedures presented in Appendix D. Soil cuttings generated during drilling activities were placed in 55-gallon steel drums. The drumined cuttings were labeled, stored at a central location, and left on-site pending receipt of the analytical results and determination of appropriate waste disposal.

6.3 DRILLING AND SOIL SAMPLING

On March 5, 2002, a SECOR geologist supervised the drilling and sampling of three soil borings (SB-4, SB-5 and SB-6; see Figure 2 and Figure 5). The borings were drilled by Tri-County Drilling (TCD) using a CME 75 drilling rig equipped with 8-inch outside diameter, continuous-flight, hollow-stem augers (HSAs).

During drilling, soil samples were collected at depths of 5, 10 and 12 feet bgs in each boring. The samples were collected, prepared, and screened for the presence of organic vapors using the procedures presented in Appendix D. Soil cuttings were logged by a SECOR geologist using the visual/manual method for the

are provided in Appendix E. Downhole drilling and sampling equipment was decontaminated in accordance with the decontamination procedures described in Appendix D. Soil cuttings generated during drilling activities were placed in 55-gallon drums, labeled, centrally-located, and left on-site pending receipt of the results of laboratory analyses and determination of appropriate waste disposal.

6.4 MONITORING WELL PURGING AND SAMPLING

On February 19, 2002, depth to static water (DTW) was measured in wells MW-1 through MW-7 using an electronic water level meter. Following gauging, the wells were purged using disposable TeflonJ bailers and sampled in accordance with LWQD guidelines (provided in the 2002 SAM Manual). Based on LWQD guidelines, wells MW-1 and MW-3 through MW-7 were characterized as fast recharging; approximately 1.5 borehole volumes of water were removed from each well to allow fresh formational water to enter. Well MW-2 was characterized as slow recharging; approximately one borehole volume of water was removed from this well prior to sampling. Three water-quality indicators (i.e., conductivity, pH, and temperature) were measured repeatedly during purging to assist in evaluating when a sufficient volume of stagnant water had been removed.

Groundwater samples were collected from each well in clean disposable bailers and transferred to acidified 40-ml glass vials. The water samples were delivered to a California-certified analytical laboratory (ZymaX Envirotechnology of San Luis Obispo, California) for chemical analysis. Monitoring well sampling and decontamination procedures are described in Appendix D. DTW and well purging and sampling data were recorded on Monitoring Well Gauging Logs and on Well Purging/Sampling Logs. A copy of these logs is provided in Appendix F. Purged water was placed in two 55-gallon steel drums, labeled, centrally-located, and left on-site pending receipt of laboratory results and determination of appropriate waste disposal.

6.5 WASTE MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

As noted in the preceding sections, soil cuttings and purged groundwater were stored on-site in labeled 55-gallon steel drums. Soil cuttings were waste profiled using the sample analytical results from the soil borings. Drummed wastewater was categorized on the basis of the groundwater analytical results from the well sampling event. The wastes were handled as follows:

- Soil cuttings were transported by EFR Environmental Services, Inc. (EFR) as non-hazardous materials to Dome Rock Industries, Inc for treatment and/or disposal.
- Drummed purge water was transported by EFR as non-hazardous waste to Dome Rock Industries, Inc for treatment and/or disposal.

EFR transported the drummed wastes on March 20, 2002 under a non-hazardous waste manifest. A copy of the waste manifest is provided in Appendix G.

7.0 CHEMICAL TESTING PROGRAM

7.1 CHEMICAL TESTING PROCEDURES

Select soil samples collected during the drilling activities were analyzed by ZymaX Envirotechnology, Inc. (ZymaX) for TPHg, BTEX, and MTBE using EPA Method 8260 and GC/MS combination (equivalent to EPA Method 8260B). In addition, the trench soil samples were analyzed by HP for TPHg using CA DHS Method, and for BTEX and MTBE using EPA Method 8260B. Groundwater samples that were collected from the monitoring wells were analyzed by ZymaX for TPHg, BTEX, MTBE, TAME, TBA, DIPE and ETBE by EPA Method 8260 and GC/MS combination (equivalent to EPA Method 8260B).

7.2 ANALYTICAL RESULTS

7.2.1 Soil Analytical Results--Trenching

Analytical results are summarized in Table 1; and TPHg, benzene and MTBE concentration distributions are illustrated on Figure 4. A copy of the laboratory report and chain-of-custody documentation are included in Appendix H. No TPHg, BTEX or MTBE concentrations above the respective constitutent laboratory detection limits were reported in the seven soil samples (SS-1 through SS-7) collected from the bottom of Trench 1 and Trench 2.

7.2.2 Soil Analytical Results--Drilling

Analytical results are summarized in Table 2; and TPHg and benzene concentration distributions are illustrated on Figure 5. .A copy of the laboratory report and chain-of-custody documentation are included in Appendix H.

TPHg concentrations were reported above the laboratory detection limit (<0.5 mg/kg) in four of the nine samples submitted for analysis. Detectable concentrations of TPHg ranged from 80 mg/kg in sample SB-4/10' to 1,800 mg/kg in sample SB-5/12'. The remaining five samples contained nondetectable TPHg concentrations.

Benzene concentrations were reported above the laboratory detection limits (ranging from <0.005 to 0.1 mg/kg) in four of the nine samples submitted for analysis. Detectable benzene concentrations ranged from 0.015 mg/kg in sample SB-6/10' to 3.9 mg/kg in sample SB-5/12'. The remaining five soil samples contained nondetectable benzene concentrations. Similarly, detectable concentrations of toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes were found in the same four samples. The maximum concentrations were 44 mg/kg toluene, 22 mg/kg ethylbenzene and 150 mg/kg total xylenes. All of these were found in the 12-foot sample from boring SB-5 (sample SB-5/12'). This boring was located in the north-central portion of the Susan Davey Property between the Los Panchos Restaurant and the Der Wienerschnitzel building. No MTBE concentrations above laboratory detection limits (<0.005 to 0.5 mg/kg) were reported in any of the soil samples submitted for analysis.

7.2.3 Groundwater Sampling Analytical Results

Laboratory analytical results are summarized in Table 3; and the dissolved TPHg, benzene and MTBE concentrations are illustrated on Figure 10. A copy of the laboratory report and chain-of-custody documentation are included in Appendix H.

TPHg concentrations were reported above the laboratory detection limit (<50 micrograms per Liter (µg/L) in three of the seven samples submitted for analysis. Detectable concentrations of TPHg ranged from 480 µg/L in the sample from well MW-4 to 6,300 µg/L in the sample from well MW-2. The remaining four groundwater samples contained nondetectable concentrations of TPHg. Similarly, the groundwater samples from the same three wells (MW-1, MW-2 and MW-4) contained detectable concentrations of BTEX analytes. The most heavily-impacted well is well MW-2, which contained 640 µg/L benzene, 83 µg/L toluene, 270 µg/L ethylbenzene and 830 µg/L total xylenes. The lowest detectable BTEX concentrations were 39 µg/L benzene, 0.6 µg/L toluene, 19 µg/L ethylbenzene and 0.9 µg/L total xylenes. With the exception of ethylbenzene (which was collected from well MW-4), all of these values were found in the sample from well MW-1. As shown on Figure 2, well MW-1 is located to the northwest of the Der Wienerschnitzel building (close to vapor point VP11), and well MW-4 is located near the southwest corner of the Los Panchos Restaurant. Well MW-2 is located near the northeastern corner of the Los Panchos Restaurant.

MTBE concentrations were reported above the laboratory detection limit (ranging from <0.5 to <20 μ g/L) in two of the seven well water samples (samples MW-1 and MW-4). Sample MW-1 contained 78 μ g/L MTBE, and sample MW-4 contained 0.7 μ g/L MTBE. In addition, all of the groundwater samples were analyzed for four other fuel oxygenates (TBA, DIPE, ETBE and TAME). A TBA concentration (10 μ g/L) was found in only sample (from well MW-1). Detectable DIPE concentrations ranged from 0.9 μ g/L in sample MW-4 to 680 μ g/L in sample MW-2. DIPE concentrations were not detected in four of the samples (samples MW-3 and MW-5 through MW-7). No ETBE or TAME concentrations were reported above their respective laboratory detection limits (which ranged from <0.5 to <20 μ g/L) in any of the seven well water samples.

8.0 FINDINGS

Based on the results of the additional site assessment activities described above in Sections 3.0 through 7.0, SECOR makes the following findings on site conditions and the impacts of hydrocarbon-impacted soil and groundwater on sensitive receptors in the site vicinity.

Local Hydrostratigraphic Conditions

Subsurface soil consists of clayey and silty sands, poorly graded sands with clays, and silts with sand from surface to approximately 12 feet bgs, the maximum depth of exploration for this investigation. The soils are identified as artificial fill overlying Quaternary-age alluvipum. These results are consistent with the deeper well borings that have been advanced on the site for installation of groundwater monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-7.

No groundwater was encountered during drilling to 12 feet bgs in various portions of the site. However, the reported static water level depths in existing monitoring wells ranged from 8.66 to 10.92 feet bgs. This suggests that groundwater locally is under semi-confined (instead of water table) conditions, since the apparent piezometric rise in the wells is at least 1.08 to 3.34 feet. SECOR calculated groundwater flow to be to the northwest at a gradient of 0.009 ft/ft (Figure 7), using the well locations, surveyed wellhead elevations from Table 5, and February 19, 2002 DTW measurements. Figure 6 and Figure 7 depict lithologic and hydrostratigraphic relationships across the site.

Other Assessment Findings

Five water wells were identified on various agency databases as being located within a one-half-mile radius of the site. However, none of these wells are still in service. No surface water bodies, schools or day care facilities are located within the same on-half mile radius of the site.

The results of a supplemental soil vapor survey reveal that the shallow subsurface in various portions of the site contains BTEX soil vapor concentrations. However, none of these analyte vapor concentrations pose a threat to the health of workers in the on-site structures. These structures are a Der Wienerschnitzel fast-food restaurant and Los Panchos Restaurant. There is less than a one-in-a-million increased cancer risk for exposed workers in the restaurants who inhale benzene vapors.

Elevated concentrations of TPHg and benzene were found in the 12-foot samples from soil borings SB-4 (located to the north of the Der Wienerschnitzel building) and SB-5 (located midway between the two restaurant buildings in the north central portion of the site). Soil samples from these two borings also contained detectable concentrations of toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes; the maximum concentrations of each constituent were found in the 12-foot sample from boring SB-5 (sample SB-5/12').

Groundwater in the shallow aquifer beneath the site has been impacted by motor fuel hydrocarbons, including TPHg, BTEX constituents, MTBE, TBA and DIPE. The most-heavily impacted groundwater monitoring wells are MW-1 (located near the Der Wienerschnitzel building), MW-2 (located between the two restaurant buildings, but closer to Los Panchos Restaurant) and MW-4 (located near the western wall of the Los Panchos Restaurant).

9.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based on SECOR's field observations, the results of laboratory analyses of soil and groundwater samples, and the groundwater flow direction evaluated during this assessment, SECOR concludes the following:

An unauthorized release(s) of motor fuel hydrocarbons, which appear to be gasoline products, has occurred at the site. The source of the release(s) is believed to be former UST systems that were operated by a former gasoline service station. Based on the distribution of TPHg and BTEX constituents (particularly benzene) in subsurface soils across the site, there appear to be two separate release areas. The first is the former USTs and the second is the former dispenser island area (see Figure 3).

The lateral extent of TPHg-impacted soil, in the vicinty of the former USTs, appears to be defined to the west, north and east by well boring MW-1 and soil borings SB-4 and B1, respectively, as shown in Figure 5. To the south of the former USTs, the lateral extent remains poorly-defined. It should be noted that the north end of the Der Wienerschnitzel fast-food restaurant now covers this southern area. The base of the hydrocarbon-impacted soil plume extends to the capillary fringe of the uppermost aquifer proximal to soil boring SB-4. Boring SB-4 likely is nearest to the original leak source, which appears to be close to the northern end of the former UST tank pit.

The lateral extent of TPHg-impacted soil, in the vicinity of the former dispenser island area, appears to be defined to the northwest, east and possibly south by well borings MW-2, MW-1 and MW-3, respectively. Although-adequate definition-has been achieved in the vicinity of the former dispenser islands and UST excavation to proceed with site remedial considerations, these areas (i.e., southwest-of-former dispenser-islands and south-of-former UST excavation) may require additional shallow soil assessment. Figure 5 depicts the three-dimensional distribution of TPHg and benzene in subsurface soil at the site.

Portions of the site are underlain by hydrocarbon-impacted groundwater, whose source is believed to be the same two gasoline product releases described above. Based on the current distribution of motor fuel hydrocarbon constituents in shallow groundwater (see Figure 10), the most-heavily impacted portion of the groundwater plume is located in the north central portion of the site. This area corresponds well with the former dispenser island area, and particularly with the location of soil boring SB-5. The leading edge of the groundwater plume appears to be well defined in the downgradient direction (i.e., to the northwest), upgradient direction (i.e., to the southeast), and crossgradient (i.e., northeast and southwest).

The capillary fringe of the uppermost aquifer was not encountered at 12 feet bgs, which is more than one to three feet deeper than the depth to static water measured in the wells on February 19, 2002. Consequently, SECOR concludes that the aquifer is under semi-confining conditions. If the aquifer were an unconfined (water table) aquifer, the surface of the aquifer would be the water table. All of the 12-foot deep soil borings drilled during the additional site assessment described in this report would have encountered this water table at depths of approximately 9 to 10 feet bgs.

Due to the presence of hydrocarbon-impacted soil and groundwater in the portions of the site now occupied by restaurants, soil vapors can enter the buildings. However, the results of a health risk assessment demonstrate that the increased cancer risk posed by workers inhaling benzene vapors is less than one-in-a-million.

10.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the information presented in this report, SECOR presents the following recommendations:

- Perform an additional shallow soil assessment in accessible areas to the southwest of the former dispenser
 islands and to the south of the former UST excavation. The purpose will be to attain better definition of
 the lateral extent of TPHg-impacted soil in these areas. However, it is SECOR's recommendation that
 sufficient soil assessment is present at the site to proceed with the preparation of the Corrective Action
 Plan.
- Hydrocarbon impact is present in groundwater beneath the site, and the lateral extent of hydrocarbon impact to groundwater has been adequately assessed downgradient and upgradient. No additional groundwater assessment is recommended downgradient of the site.
- Prepare a Corrective Action Plan after the LWQD has assigned site-specific groundwater and soil action levels.
- Continue to conduct quarterly groundwater monitoring and sampling events to monitor groundwater quality trends in the uppermost aquifer beneath the site.

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11.0 LIMITATIONS
The findings and conclusions contained in this report have been prepared for the specific application to this project and have been developed in a manner consistent with that level of care and skill normally exercised by members of the environmental scientific profession currently practicing under similar conditions in the area at the time this investigation was performed. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is made. This report is for the exclusive use of Susan Davey and her representatives.
A potential always remains for the presence of the unknown, unidentified, or unforeseen subsurface contamination. Further evidence against such potential site contamination would require additional subsurface exploration and testing.
If new information is discovered during future site work (which may include excavations, boreholes, or other studies), SECOR should be requested to reevaluate the conclusions of this report, and to provide amendments as required.

12.0 REFERENCES

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TABLES

Table 1 - Soil Sample Analytical Results -- Trenching
Table 2 - Summary of Soil Sample Analytical Results -- Drilling
Table 3 - Summary of Groundwater Sample Analytical Results
Table 4 - Summary of Soil Vapor Sample Analytical Results
Table 5 - Summary of Well Gauging and Elevation Data

TABLE 1 SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS-TRENCHING

Susan Davey Property

All concentrations reported in milligrams per kilograms (mg/kg).

Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft. bgs)	Date Sampled	TPHg	B	1	E	X	мтве
SS-1	3	02/07/02	<10	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
SS-2	3	02/07/02	<10	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	<0.02	<0.01
SS-3	1 3	02/0702	<10	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.02	<0.01
		02/07/02	<10	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	< 0.02	< 0.01
SS-4	3					<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
SS-5	3	02/07/02	<10	<0.01	<0.01			
SS-6	3	02/07/02	<10	< 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01
SS-7	3	02/07/02	<10	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01

Notes: TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (C₆, C₁₂)

B = Benzene

T = Toluene

E = Ethylbenzene

X = Total xylenes

MTBE = Methyl-t-butyl ether

TRPH = Total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons

bgs = Below ground surface

-- = Not analyzed

<# = Below laboratory detection limit</pre>

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TABLE 2 SUMMARY OF SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS - DRILLING

Susan Davey Property
All concentrations reported in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg).

	_			_,					-		_	- ,	-	-	-	_	-	-	т.		T	Ť		寸	-	- 1	\dashv
ТРКН		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6,400		1	ţ	:	1	1	1.	1	1	1	:	;	1	i	1	•	1
MTBE		1	1	1	1	:	ŀ	1	•	1	1	i i	1	1	-	1	:	:	1	:	1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
ETBE		1	1	;	1	1	:	ě T	1	;	:	1	1	1	:	1		1	,	1	1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
DIPE		-	;	1	;	1	1	;	1	:	1	1	1		1	1	E T	ŧ	:	:		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
TBA			:	1	1	-	1	1		:	:	-	-	-	1	1		1		**	1	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
TAME		1	1			-	-	:	1	1	+	1	1	•	1	1	1	1	:	:	1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
X		<0.15	0.044	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	800	<0.15	15	89	<0.15	<0.15	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	349.0	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
12		<0.05	0.008	<0.05	<0.05	<0.5	120	<0.05	11	26	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	50.6	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
H		<0.05	<0.005	<0.05	<0.05	<0.5	270	<0.05	\%	<0.5	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	148	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
В		<0.05	0.007	<0.05	<0.05	0.18	29	<0.05	♡	<0.5	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	16.0	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
TPHg	00	V 10	<10	01>	Q.	410	10,000	<10	2,100	2,800	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	o1>	<10	2,851	01>	<0.5	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Date Sampled	17/9-96/2/L - Se	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	7/2/96	3/25/98	3/25/98	3/25/98	3/25/98	3/25/98	3/25/98	3/25/98	3/25/98	3/25/98	5/31/00	5/31/00	5/31/00	5/31/00	00/L/9	00/L/9
Sample Depth (bgs)	ment Activitie	9	10.5	15	81	6.5	11	14.5	6.5	11	15	81	2.	10	.c.	10	5	10	J.O.	10	15	15	20	15	20	15	20
Sample ID L	Previous Assessment Activities - 7/2/96-6/7/00	B1-6	B1-10.5	B1-15	B1-18	B2-6.5	B2-11	B2-14.5	B3-6.5	B3-11	B3-15	B3-18	MW-1/5	MW-1/10	MW-2/5	MW-2/10	MW-3/5	MW-3/10	MW-4/5	MW-4/10	MW-4/15	MW-5/15	MW-5/20	MW-6/15	MW-6/20	MW-7/15	MW-7-20

SUMMARY OF SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS - DRILLING

Susan Davey Property

All concentrations reported in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg).

Sample ID	Sample Depth (bgs)	Date Sampled	TPHg	8	H	B	X	TAME	TBA	DIPE	ETBE	MTBE	TPRH
Current Ass	Current Assessment Activities-03/05/02	ies-03/05/02											
SB-4/5'	5	03/02/02	<0.5	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	1	1	+	4.1	<0.005	1
SB-4/10	10	03/05/02	80	<0.1	<0.1	0.4	1.2	1	312	ţ	11	<0.1	1
SB-4/12	12	03/02/02	1,400	6.0	21	20	190		1			<0.5	E
SB-5/5'	5	03/05/02	<0.5	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	37	1	1	===	<0.005	1
SB-5/10	10	03/02/02	096	1.5	18	11	69				1	<0.5	
SB-5/12	12	03/05/02	1,800	3.9	44	22	150	-			:	<0.5	1
SB-6/5	5	03/02/02	<0.5	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0.015	:	1	1	:	<0.005	1
SB-6/10	10	20/50/60	<0.5	0.015	0.04	0.007	0.028		1	***	******	<0.005	+
SB-6/12	12	20/50/60	<0.5	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	-		-		<0.005	•

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline B = Benzene Notes:

= Toluene

E = Ethylbenzene

= Total xylenes

TAME = t-amyl methyl ether

TBA = t-butyl alcohol

DIPE = Diisopropyl ether

ETBE = Ethyl-t-butyl ether

MTBE = Methyl-t-butyl ether

TRPH = Total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons

bgs = Below ground surface

<# = Below method reporting limit</pre>

TABLE 3
SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Susan Davey Property
All concentrations reported in micrograms per liter (µg/L)

Total Lead	NA		<0.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA																				
TAME	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	<100	<50	<20	NA	NA	NA	NA	4	NA	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	2	<0.5	<0.5
ETBE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	<100	<50	<20	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	4	<0.5	<0.5
DIPE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	92	81	46	NA	NA	NA	730	1,000	089	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$	<50	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	4	9.0	6.9
TBA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<10	<0.5	10	NA	NA	NA	<500	<500	<200	NA	NA	NA	NA	<10	<0.5	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	
MTBE	NA	NA	NA	17.6	48	52	57	54	78	<400	<20	<10	<100	<50	<20	<0.5	<0.5	NS	<0.5	ζ'	<0.5	<0.5	<25	<2.0	1.2	\\$	8.0	- 1. E.O.
×	320	20,000	530	<5.0	<5.0	<0.5	9>	<0.5	6.0	4,310	2,200	1,000	2,300	910	830	2	<0.5	NS	<0.5	9	<0.5	<0.5	884	280	100	14	12	54
E	066	2,600	170	18.4	0.7	2.2	7>	5.1	69	1,500	710	420	066	480	270	<3.0	<0.5	SN	<0.5	7	<0.5	<0.5	145	85	34	4.1	3.6	19
T	76	19,000	49	<25	<0.5	<0.5	7	<0.5	9.0	3,620	086	340	730	170	83	<0.5	<0.5	NS	<0.5	7	<0.5	<0.5	613	160	69	7.3	£	
4	2,200	10,000	68	8.9	<0.5	1.9	₽	1.6	39	3,940	1,400	1,100	2,200	1,100	640	6.0	<0.5	NS	<0.5	\$	<0.5	<0.5	810	290	130	12	17	- 69
TPHg	40,000	120,000	56,000	260	150	150	<500	170	700	174,000	12,000	7,900	15,000	8,200	6,300	166	<50	NS	<50	<500	<50	<50	9,790	1,600	909	<500	93	480
Date Sampled	07/02/96	07/02/96	07/02/96	04/01/98	05/26/99	06/12/00	09/17/00	12/12/00	02/19/02	04/01/98	05/26/99	06/12/00	09/12/00	12/12/00	02/19/02	04/01/98	05/26/99	06/12/00	07/31/00	09/17/00	12/12/00	02/19/02	04/01/98	05/26/99	06/12/00	09/17/00	12/12/00	C0/61/C0
Sample ID	B1-W	B2-W	B3-W	MW-1		•				MW-2		1	•		•	MW-3	•	•	•		•		MW-4					

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SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS TABLE 3

All concentrations reported in micrograms per liter (µg/L) Susan Davey Property

Sample ID	Date Sampled	TPHg	æ		B	X	MTBE	TBA	amo	ETBE	TAME	Total Lead
MW-5	06/17/00	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	12/12/00	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA
	02/19/02	~50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA
MW-6	06/12/00	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	09/12/00	<500	4	4	\$	9>	₽	<10	7>	7>	7	NA
	12/12/00	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA
	02/19/02	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA
MW-7	06/12/00	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	09/12/00	<500	4	4	4	9>	7>	<10	<2	7	0	NA
	12/12/00	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA
	02/19/02	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NA

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline Notes:

= Benzene

= Toluene

= Ethylbenzene

= Total xylenes

= tert-amyl methyl ether TAME

= tert-butyl alcohol TBA

= Diisopropyl ether DIPE

= Ethyl tert-butyl ether MTBE ETBE

= Below laboratory detection limit = Methyl-t-butyl ether

= Not sampled

Shaded row represents the most recent groundwater sampling event.

TABLE 4 SUMMARY OF SOIL VAPOR SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Susan Davey Property

All concentrations reported in micrograms per liter (µg/L)

Sample ID	Date	Sample Depth (Ft bgs)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes
Previous Asses	sment Activitio	es - 04/19/99				
VP1-2	4/19/99	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP1-5	4/19/99	5	4.2	0.9	<0.1	<0.1
VP2-2	4/19/99	2	1,079	545	31	99
VP2-5	4/19/99	5	750	102	27	96
VP3-2	4/19/99	2	0.39	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP3-5	4/19/99	5	54	18	<0.1	<0.1
VP4-2	4/19/99	2	3.2	8.3	1.5	4.0
VP4-5	4/19/99	5	2.8	7.3	1.7	2.5
VP5-2	4/19/99	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP5-5	4/19/99	5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP6-2	4/19/99	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP6-5	4/19/99	5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP7-2	4/19/99	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP7-5	4/19/99	5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Current Assess	ment Activities	s - 1/22/02				
VP8-2	01/22/02	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.8
VP8-5	01/22/02	5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP9-2	01/22/02	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP9-5	01/22/02	5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
VP10-2	01/22/02	2	18	<0.1	1.7	1.9
VP10-5	01/22/02	5	75	1.3	3.9	2.1
VP11-2	01/22/02	2	9	1.4	<0.1	1.6
VP11-5	01/22/02	5	4.1	4.1	1.2	4.6
VP12-2	01/22/02	2	<0.1	2.4	<0.1	2.5
VP12-5	01/22/02	5	<0.1	2.2	<0.1	2.1
VP13-2	01/22/02	2	<0.1	2.3	<0.1	2.1
VP13-5	01/22/02	5	<0.1	1.8	<0.1	1.9

Notes:

VP8-2 = Vapor point sample identification

Ft bgs = Feet below ground surface

 μ g/L = micrograms per liter

TABLE 5 SUMMARY OF WELL GAUGING AND ELEVATION DATA

Susan Davey Property

Well No.	Date	SWE	DTW (feet bgs)	LPH Thickness (feet)	GWE (feet)
MW-1	04/01/98	479.42	7.75	0	471.67
	05/26/99	479.42	9.32	0	470.10
	06/12/00	479.42	9.50	0	469.92
	09/12/00	479.42	9.75	0	469.67
	12/12/00	479.42	9.84	0	469.58
	02/19/02	479.42	9,80	0	469.62
MW-2	04/01/98	480.00	8.77	0	471.23
	05/26/99	480.00	10.36	0	469.64
	06/12/00	480.00	10.55	0	469.45
	09/12/00	480,00	10.83	0	469.17
	12/12/00	480.00	10.99	0	469.01
	02/19/02	480.00	10.92	0	469.08
MW-3	04/01/98	478.35	6.76	0	471.59
	05/26/99	478.35	8.16	0	470.19
	06/12/00	478.35	NM	0	NC
	09/12/00	478.35	8.61	0	469.74
	12/12/00	478.35	9.93	0	468.67
	02/19/02	478.35	8.70	0	469.65
MW-4	04/01/98	478.60	7.66	0	470.94
	05/26/99	478.60	9.30	0	469.30
	06/12/00	478.60	9.49	0	469.11
	09/12/00	478.60	9.80	0	468.80
	12/12/00	478.60	9.93	0	468.67
	02/19/02	478.60	9.88	0	468.72
MW-5	06/12/00	478.71	10.37	0	468.34
: 	02/19/02	478.71	10.81	0	467.90
MW-6	06/12/00	478.93	8.30	0	470.63
	09/12/00	478.93	8.56	0	470.37
	12/12/00	478.93	8.69	0	470.24
	02/19/02	478.93	8,66	0	470.27

TABLE 5 SUMMARY OF WELL GAUGING AND ELEVATION DATA

Susan Davey Property

Well No.	Date	SWE.	DTW (feet bgs)	LPH Thickness (feet)	GWE (feet)
MW-7	06/12/00	479.04	10.25	0	468.79
	09/12/00	479.04	10.57	0	468.47
	12/12/00	479.04	10.72	0	468.32
i	02/19/02	479.04	10.70	0	468.34

1	 _ 4	 ٠.
	ŊΤ	

GWE

= Groundwater elevation, in feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

SWE

Surveyed well elevation, in feet AMSL, surveyed relative to a City of El Cajon

benchmark.

DTW

Depth to water, in feet below top of well casing

LPH

Liquid-phase hydrocarbons

Shaded row represents most recent groundwater sampling event.

FIGURES

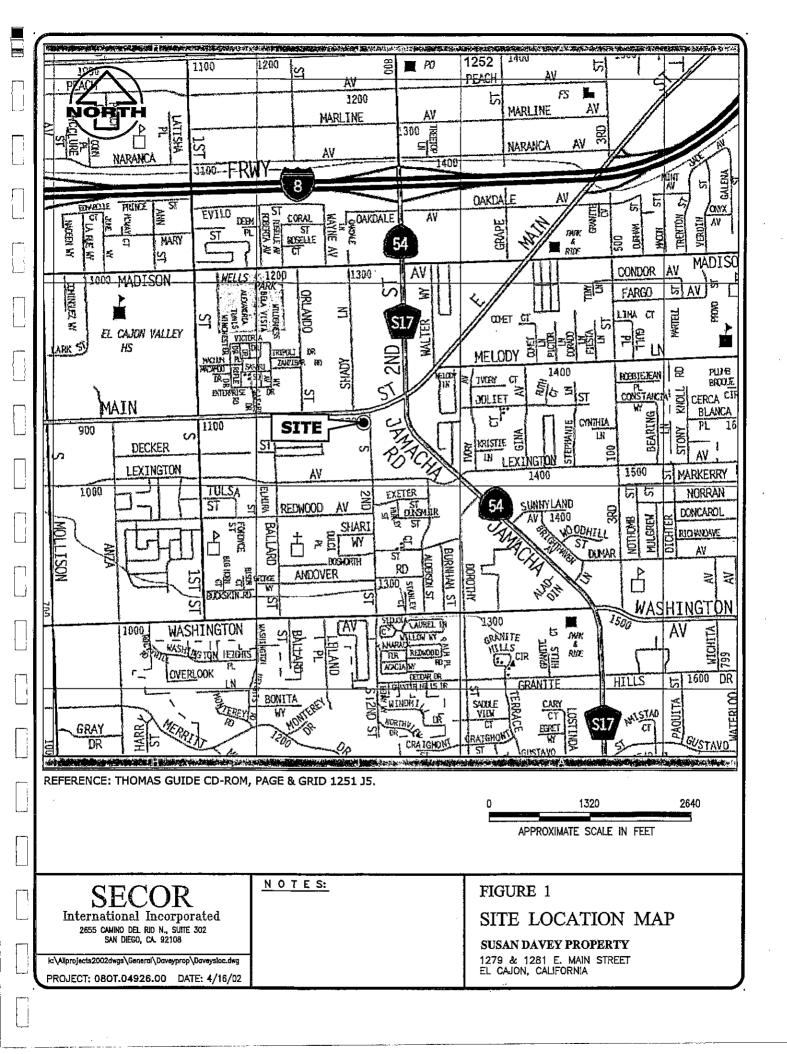
Figure 1 - Site Location Map
Figure 2 - Site Plan with Cross-Section Lines
Figure 3 - Site Plan with Former Service Station
Figure 4 - Hydrocarbon Concentrations in Soil - Trenching
Figure 5 - Hydrocarbon Concentrations in Soil -- Drilling

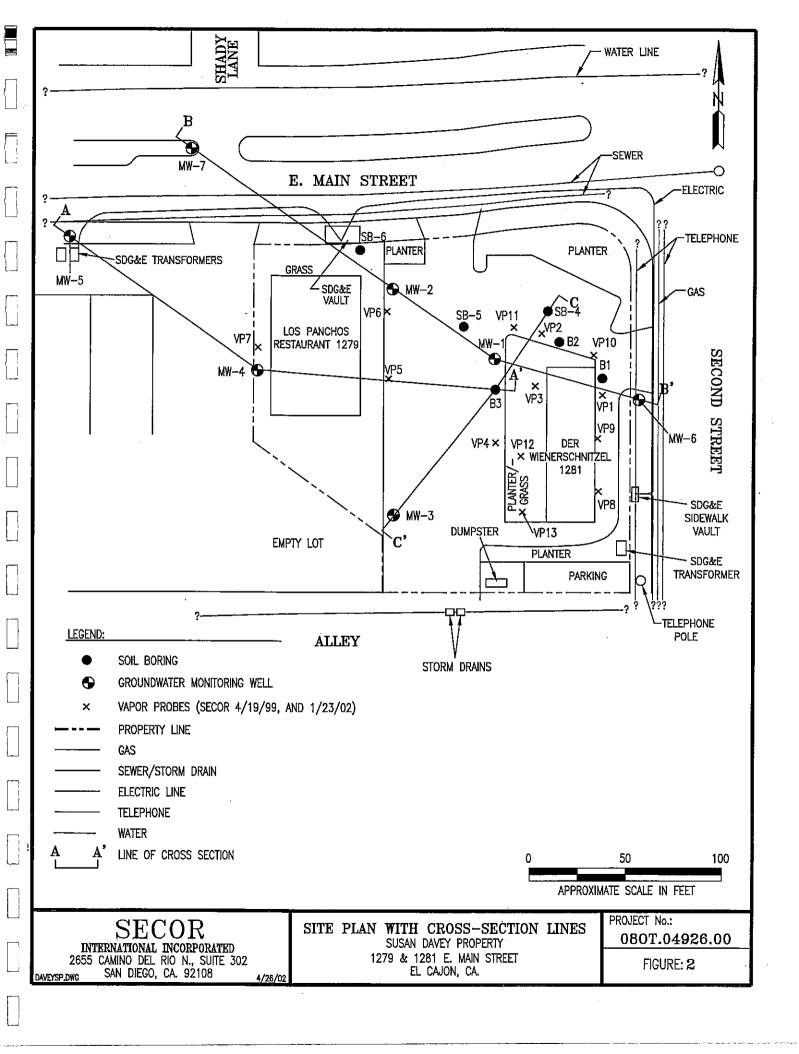
Figure 6 - Cross-Section A-A'

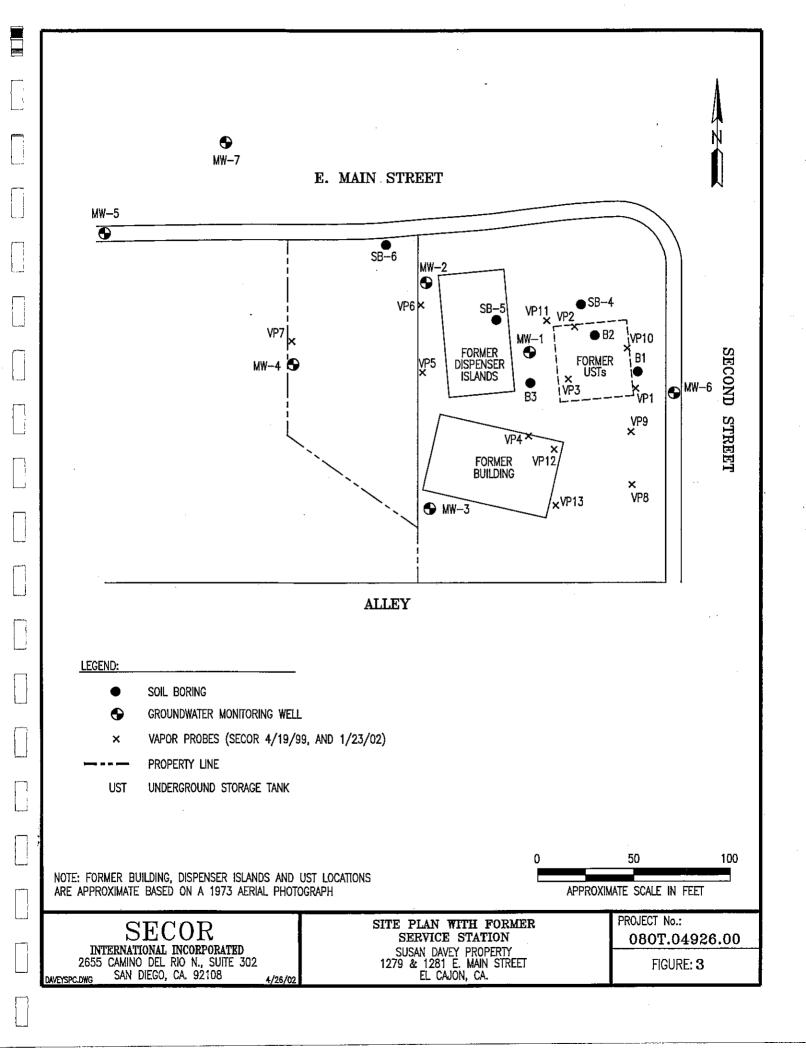
Figure 7 - Cross-Section B-B'

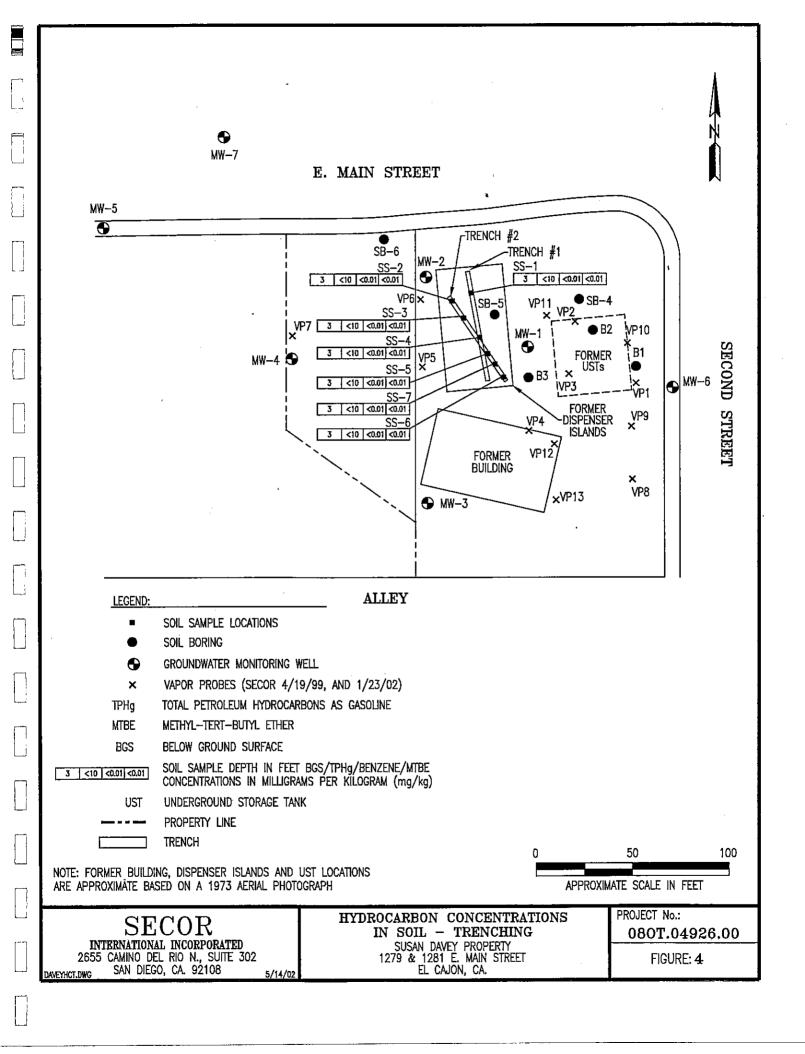
Figure 8 - Cross-Section C-C'

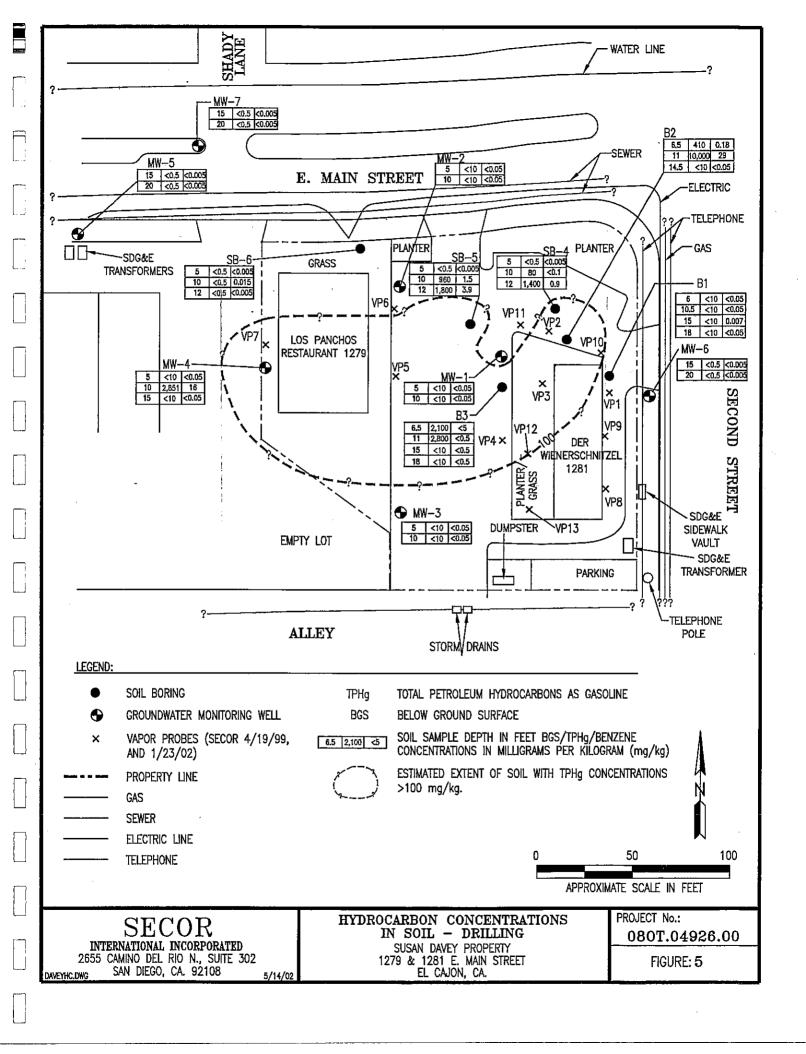
Figure 9 - Groundwater Elevation Contour Map [for February 19, 2001]
Figure 10 - Hydrocarbon Concentrations in Groundwater
[for February 19, 2001]

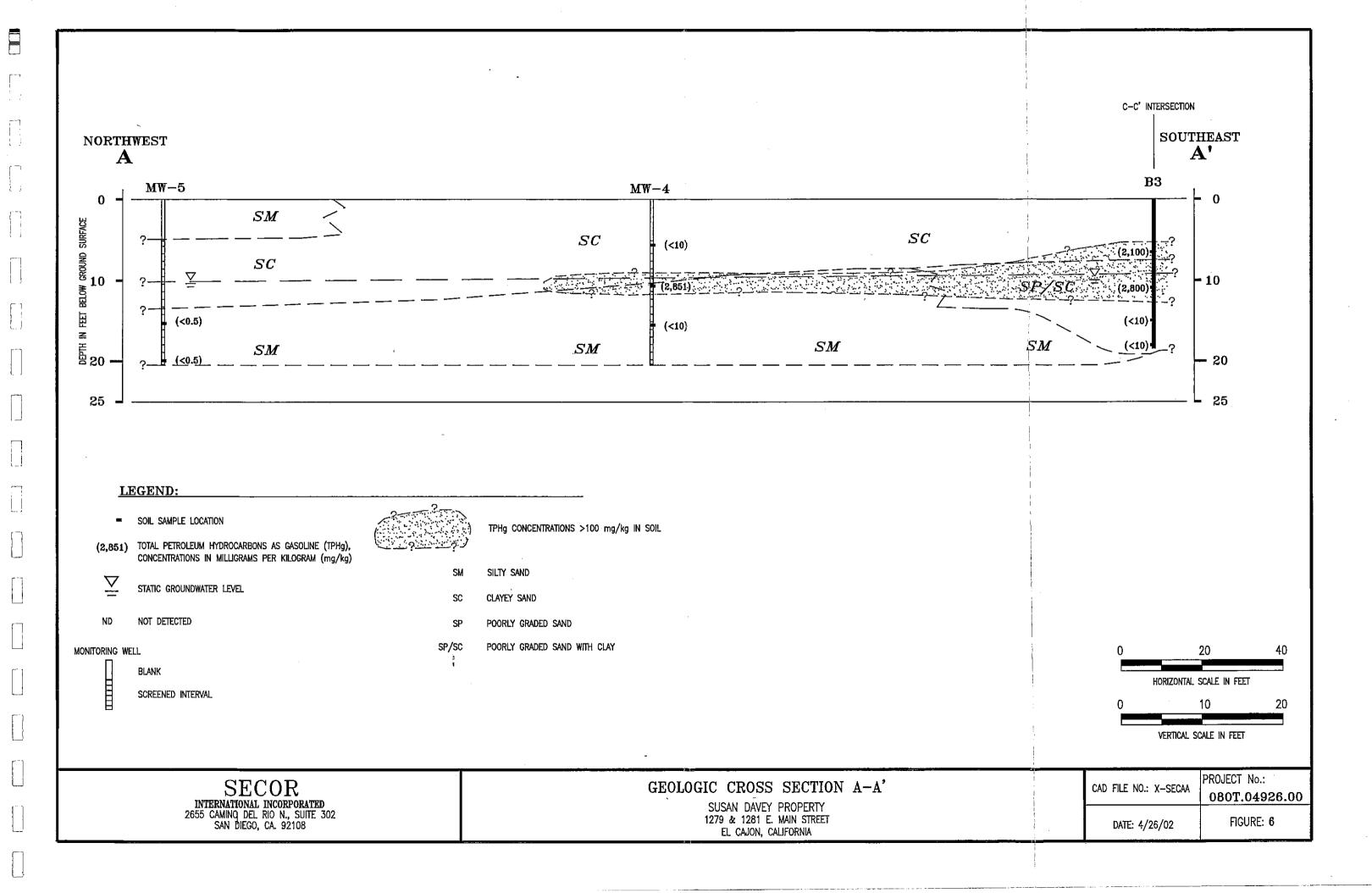


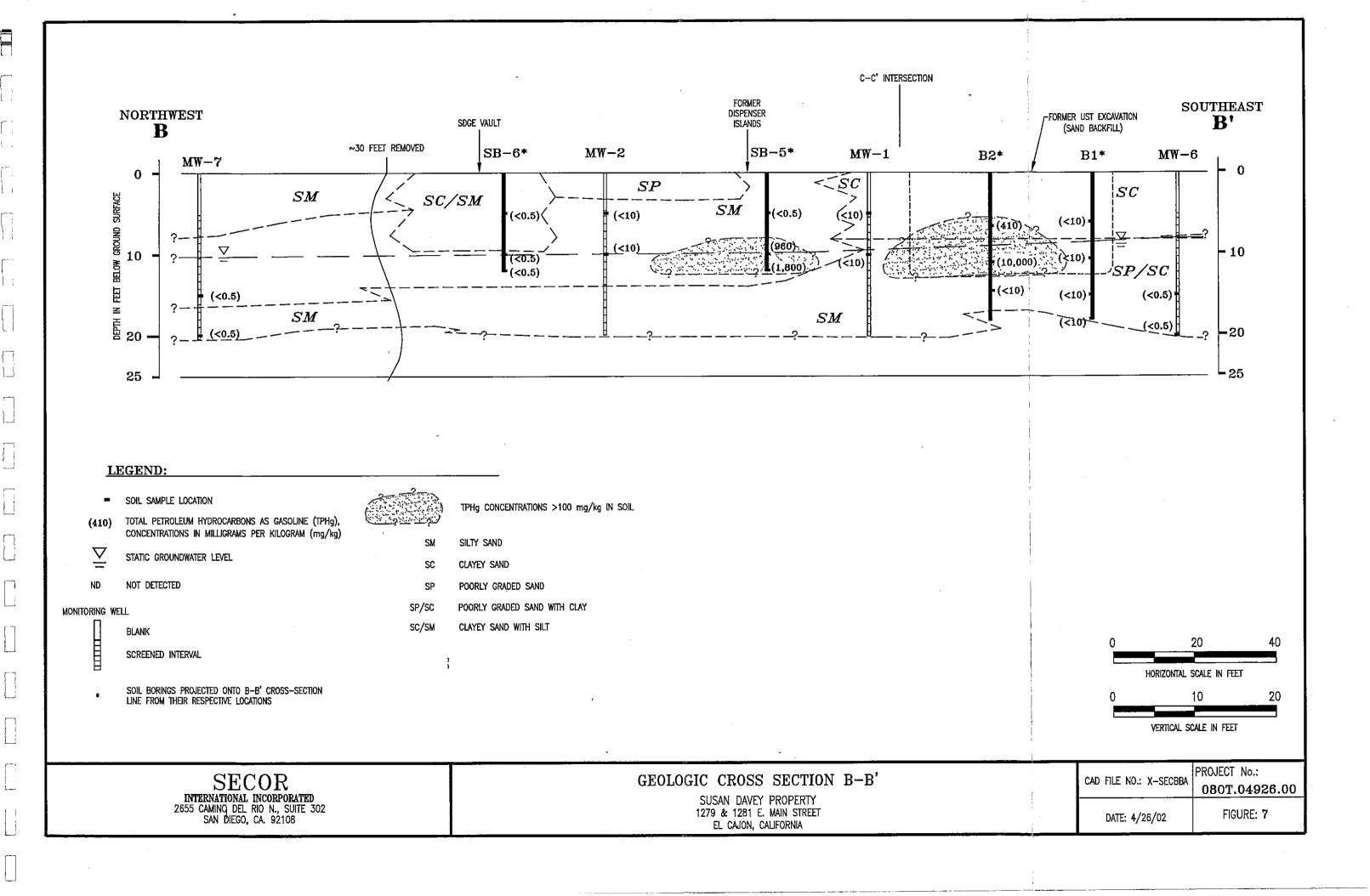


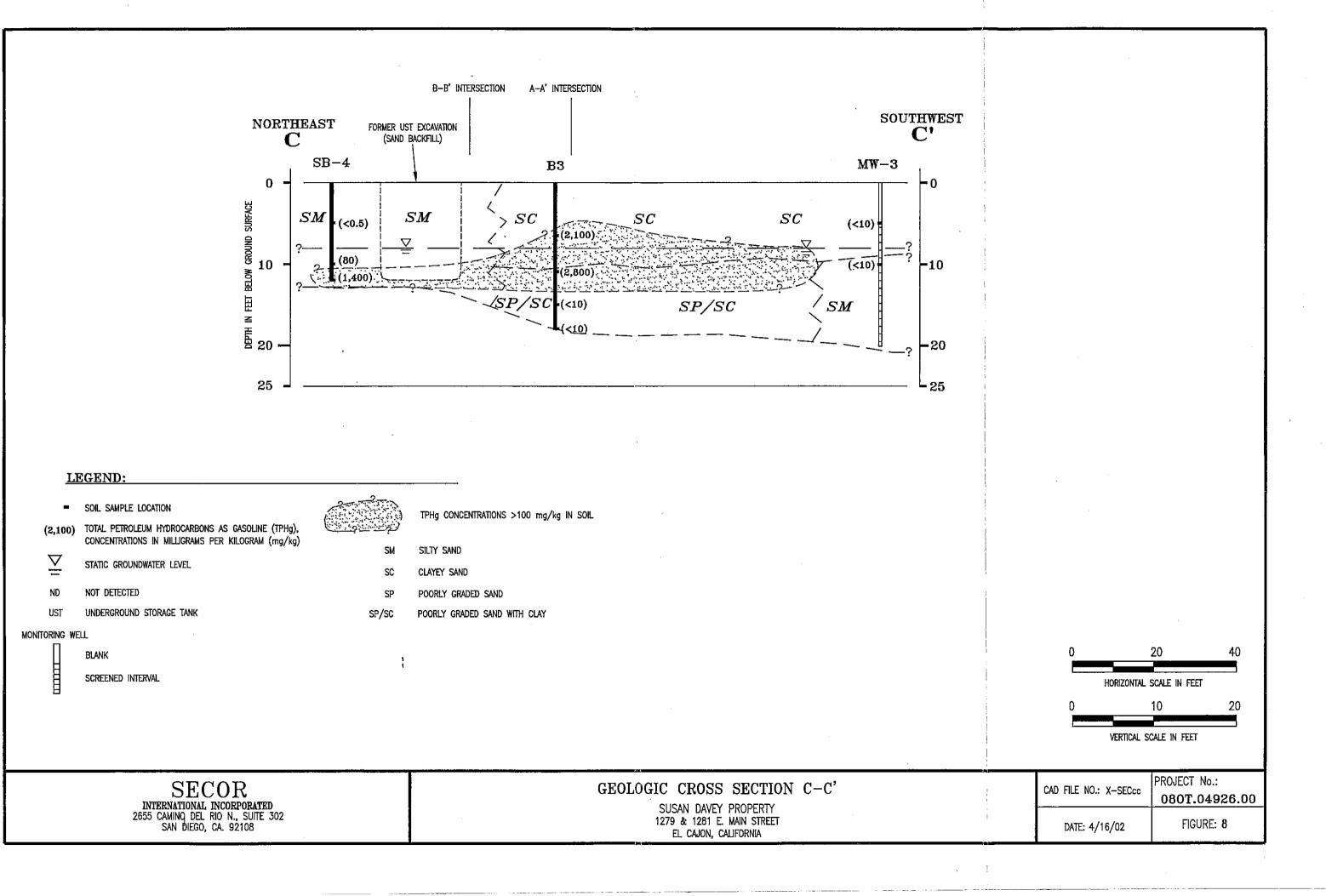


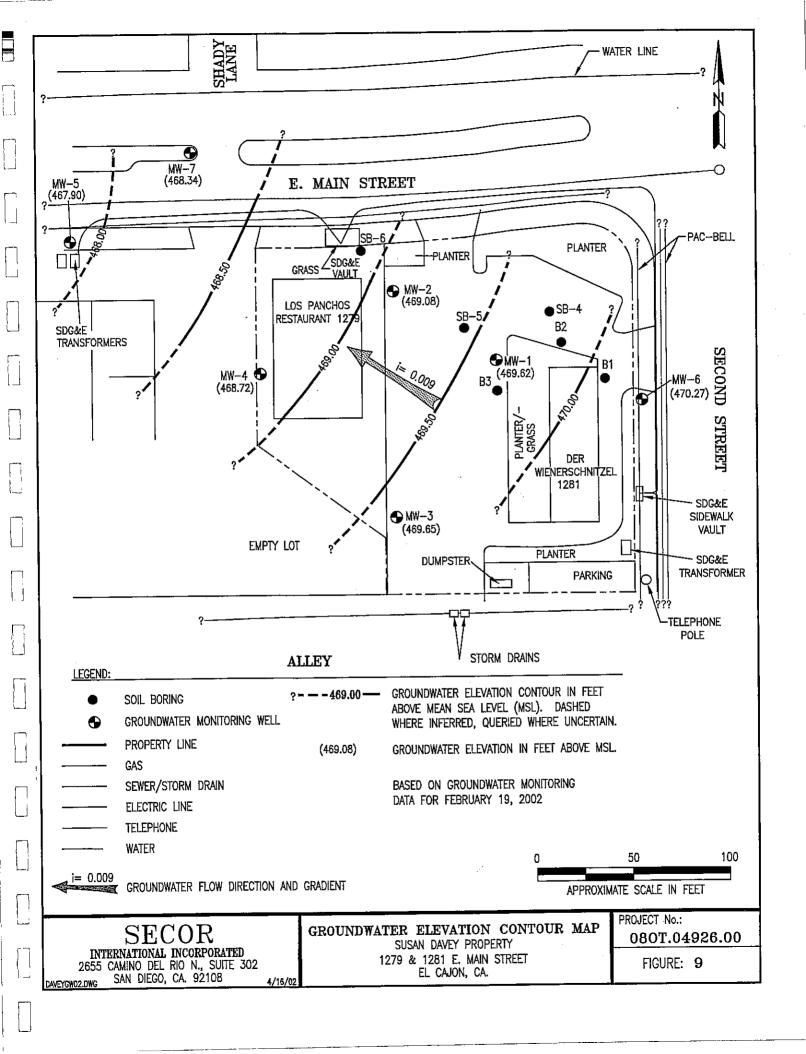


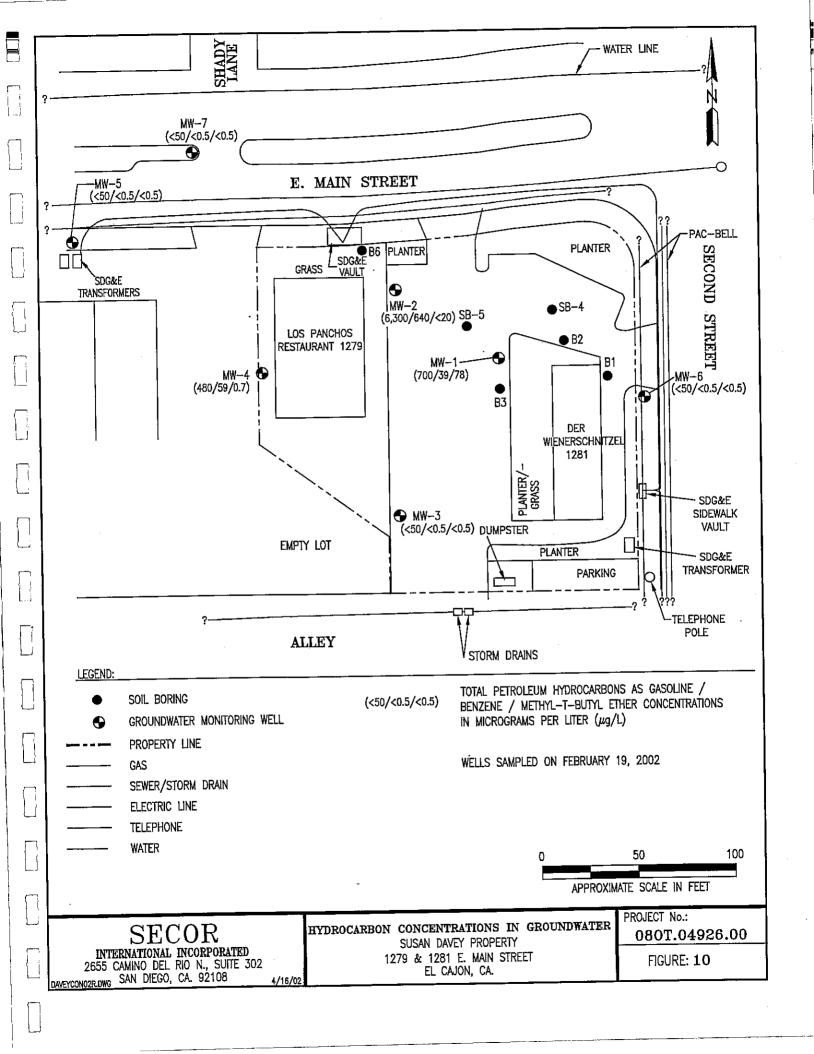












APPENDICES

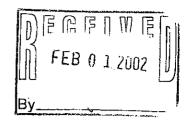
Appendix A – Soil Vapor Laboratory Report and
Chain-of-Custody Documentation
Appendix B – Soil Vapor Risk Calculations
Appendix C – Drilling Permit Cover Sheet
Appendix D – Methods and Procedures
Appendix E – Borehole Logs and Legend
Appendix F – Monitoring Well Gauging Log; Well Purging/
Sampling Logs; and Survey Elevation Report
Appendix G – Waste Disposal Documentation
Appendix H – Subsurface Soil and Groundwater Laboratory
Reports and Chain-of-Custody Documentation

APPENDIX A

SOIL VAPOR LABORATORY REPORT CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY DOCUMENTATION







SECOR

2655 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 302 San Diego, CA 92108

Project Name:

1279-1281 E. Main Street, El Cajon

Project No.:

PO# 0804926 Susan Davy Property

Attention:

Mr. Brain Demme

The following sample(s) were received and analyzed:

Date Received

Quantity

Matrix

1/22/02

12

Vapor

The samples were analyzed by one or more of the EPA methodologies or equivalent methods listed below.

VOCs -- EPA Method 8260

The results are included with a summary of the quality control procedures. Please note that the symbol "nd" indicates a value below the reporting limit for the particular compound in the sample.

Please feel free to call us to discuss any part of this report or to schedule future projects.

Sincerely,

Tamara Davis Lab Director

Mobile One Laboratories is certified by the California Department of Health Services (certificate #s: 1194, 1561, 1921, 2088, 2278).

HP Labs Project#



Report Summary EPA Method 8260B (5030 Prep.)

Vapor	ng/L
Matrix:	Units:
	l Cajon
	ain Street, E
X.	·1281 E. Ma
SECOR	1279-
Client:	Project:

VP10-2 22 Jan 2002 9:53 am 0.05 30 Amount Found	18 nd 1.7 1.9 nd	88 106 121 85
VP9-5 22 Jan 2002 9:28 am 0.05 30	ם מל מל	105 101 94 84
VP9-2 22 Jan 2002 9:03 am 0.05 30 Amount Found	בי ט ט ט ט ט	110 110 103 96 90
VP8-5 22 Jan 2002 8:38 am 0.05 30	ט פע פע טיי	Percent Recovery 106 99 95 87
VP8-2 22 Jan 2002 8:12 am 0.05 30 Amount Found	nd nd 1.8	106 97 92 86
BLANK 22 Jan 2002 6:04 am 0.05 n/a	טם טם טם טם טם טם	its(% Rec.) 107 107 95 79
0.1 E.Q.L A	- -	QC Lim 75-125 70-130 75-125
		Spiked 50 ng 50 ng 50 ng 50 ng
Sample Name: Analysis Date Analysis Time Dilution Factor: Purge Volume(cc):	Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m,p-Xylene o-Xylene	Surrogates DBFM 1,2-DCA-d4 Toluene - d8 1,4-BFB

Analyses performed by: Jim Cook

EPA Method 8260B (5030 Prep.)

Vapor	ng/L
Matrix:	Units:
	El Cajon
-	1279-1281 E. Main Street, El Cajon
HCOR.	79-1281 E.
Ġ,	; 1 2

Client: Project:

VP13-2 22 Jan 2002 1:15 pm 0.05 30 Amount Found	nd 2.3 nd nd	97 91 97 86
VP12-5 22 Jan 2002 12:50 pm 0.05 30 Amount Found	nd 2.2 nd 2.1 nd	99 88 86 86
VP12-2 22 Jan 2002 12:24 pm 0.05 30 Amount Found	nd 2.4 nd nd	99 89 88 88
VP11-5 22 Jan 2002 11:34 am 0.1 30 Amount Found	4.1 4.6 4.6	Percent Recovery 84 100 108 86
VP11-2 22 Jan 2002 11:09 am 0.2 30 Amount Found	9.0 1.4 1.6 nd	92 101 105 83
VP10-5 22 Jan 2002 10:45 am 0.2 30 Amount Found	75 1.3 3.9 2.1	mits(% Rec.) 5 84 0 102 5 114 5 81
0.1 <u>E.O.L</u> Ar	~~~~	QC Limit 75-125 70-130 75-125 75-125
:():		<u>Spiked</u> 50 ng 50 ng 50 ng 50 ng
Sample Name: Analysis Date Analysis Time Dilution Factor: Purge Volume(cc):	Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzenė m,p-Xylene o-Xylene	Surrogates DBFM 1,2-DCA-d4 Toluene - d8 1,4-BFB

Analyses performed by: Jim Cook



Analyses performed by: Jim Cook

100 92 96 87 75-125 75-125 70-130

Percent Recovery

EPA Method 8260B (5030 Prep.) Report Summary

SECOR 1279-1281 E. Main Street, El Cajon

Project: Client:

Vapor ug/L

Matrix: Units:

22 Jan 2002 1:39 pm VP13-5 Sample Name:

Purge Volume(cc): Dilution Factor: Compound

Analysis Time Analysis Date

0.05

0.1

E.Q.L Amount Found

Ethylbenzene m,p-Xylene o-Xylene Toluene

Benzene

Б 1.8 Б 1.9 Б

QC Limits(% Rec.)

Surrogates

DBFM

75-125 Spiked

50 ng 50 ng 50 ng 50 ng

Toluene - d8 1,2-DCA-d4

1,4-BFB

EPA Method 8260B

Matrix: Units:

vapor ug/L

SECOR	1279-1281 E. Main Street, El Cajon	
Client:	Project:	

EPA 8260 (-20 to +20%)	Pass	yes	yes	yes	OU	yes	yes	yes	yes	01	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	<u>۵</u>	yes	2	yes	00	yes
CCC (-20 to +20%)	Pass			yes				yes							yes								yes				yes				
	Percent Diff	φ	—	14	24	-5	ιĊ	တု	2	-25	_	7	10	4		. 2-	7	မှ	_	—	80	ပ ှ	-7	7	တု	-25	7.	-22	41.	-24	-14
CCV 22 Jan 2002 5:40 am	Amount Found	47	51	C 57	62	49	48	C 47	51	37	51	54	55	48		47	54	47	51	50	54	47	CCC 47	20	45	37	CCC 49	39	43	38	43
				000				၁၁၁							000								ၓ				ŏ	ഉ			
Sample Name: Analysis Date Analysis Time Dilution Factor:	Compound	Dichlorodifluoromethane	Chloromethane	Vinyl Chloride	Bromomethane	Chloroethane	Trichlorofluoromethane	1,1-Dichloroethene	Methylene Chloride	Methyl-t-butylether	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1,1-Dichloroethane	2,2-Dichloropropane	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Chloroform	Bromochloromethane	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1-Dichloropropene	Carbon Tetrachloride	1,2-Dichloroethane	Benzene	Trichloroethene	1,2-Dichloropropane	Bromodichloromethane	Dibromomethane	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	Toluene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1,2-Dibromoethane	1,3-Dichloropropane

Page 5 of 7

Calibration Verification

EPA Method 8260B

vapor ug/L Matrix:

Matrix	Units:	EPA 8260	(-20 to +20%)	Pass	yes	yes	yes	yes yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	ou	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	<u>о</u> п	yes	yes	ou	yes	SUMMATION	CCC compounds pass the 8260B criteria			CALIBRATION VERIFIED
בו א ואופעוסם ספססם	Cajon	•		nd Percent Diff	-4	-12	0	0	υ.	0	0	ပု	-17	ර්	-19	-23	ဇှ	-11	မှ-	0	9-	-10	ကု	4-	-4	φ-	-7	ဇှ	-13	-32	-15	-15	-35	-19		CCC compoun			CALIBRATIC
	SECON 1279-1281 E. Main Street, El Cajon		CCV	Amount Found	48	44	50	CCC 20	53	100	50	47	42	48	41	39	49	45	47	20	47	45	49	48	48	47	46	48	44		42	43	33	41	QC Limits(% Rec.)	75-125 105	_		75-125 87
100 CHO	Project: 1279-128		Sample Name:	Compound	Tetrachloroethene	Dibromochloromethane	Chlorobenzene	Ethylbenzene	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	m,p-Xylene	o-Xylene	Styrene	Bromoform	Isopropylbenzene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	n-propylbenzene	Bromobenzene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	2-Chlorotoluene	4-Chlorotoluene	tert-Butylbenzene	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	sec-Butylbenzene	p-Isopropyltoluene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	n-Butylbenzene	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Hexachlorobutadiene	Naphthalene	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	Surrogates Spiked	DBFM 50 ng	1,2-DCA-d4 50 ng	- d8	1,4-BFB - 50 ng





Footnote Summary

Definition

Footnote

E.Q.L. nd J	Estimated Quantitation Limit Not detected above the E.Q.L. or detection limit. The concentration reported is between the Method Detection Limit and the E.Q.L.
Ω	Concentration reported from a secondary dilution; E.Q.L.s adjusted accordingly.
ΩШ	Analyte found in the associated blank. Analyte amount exceeds calibration range. Amount quantitated by extrapolation.
* *	MS/MSD, LCS/LCSD recovery is outside QC range; no corrective action taken.
∑ ഗ	Surrogate recovery outside QC range due to matrix interference. Because of necessary sample dilution, value was outside QC limits.
∞ #	Gasoline range organics not identified as gasoline. Diesel range organics not identified as diesel.
*	This compound has been screened by EPA method 8020. Any positive results should be confirmed by a second analysis.

			[]			n of Custody Record			\[\frac{1}{2}\]	TA P							
	148 S	. Vinewoo	od St., Es	condido, CA	148 S. Vinewood St., Escondido, CA 92029 • ph 760.735.3208 • fax 760.735.2469	760.735	.3208	fax 760	.735.2	469		5		Date: L	Date: JANGTONE ST. E. HPL Project # SE 012	202-15	1 1
	432 N 2373	L. Cedros, 208th Stre	Ave., Sol et Unit F	ana Beach, -1, Torrance	432 N. Cedros Ave., Solana Beach, CA 92075 • ph 858.793.0401 • fax 858.793.0404 2373 208th Street Unit F-1, Torrance, CA 90501 • ph 310.782.2929 • fax 310.782.279	nh 858.7 ph 310	h 858.793.0401 • fax 858.793.0404 ph 310.782.2929 • fax 310.782.2798	1, • fax { 29 • fax	358.790 (310.7	3.0404 82.2790	œ			Outside Lab:	ab:		i
Client SECOR					1 '		F	S 1	lector;	Collector. PAVE	0	At the	BALKENDUSH	Page:	jo		
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						ese	381	o bete	SƏ	.	enate	·······			Seal Intact: [□ No KNA	sue
						ib \ enilo	BTEX/M	Hajogen:)xìdeus	tes	og√xO br				Cold: □ Yes □ No		contain
Sample	Depth	Time	Date	Sample Type	Container Type	seg HqT dxe HqT		101 1208 TT 1.814		AOC 2 Oxygens	VOC s s	ensrheM se bexi7			Field Notes		o # listoī
VP8-2	Ly	07.50	-	_	SYCHOLD SAGE		1	 		┼	,				73000		
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Relinquished by: (Signature)				uoo)	(company)	Receive	// Received by: (Signature)	ature)						(company)	Date:	Time:	T
*Signature constitutes authorization to proceed with analysis and acceptance of condition on back.	n to proceé	ed with analys	is and accel	stance of condition	ın on back.	Sample	Sample disposal Instruction:	struction:		dsia	osal@	Disposal @ \$2.00 each		Return to client	Pickup		٦

APPENDIX B

SOIL VAPOR RISK CALCULATIONS

Page 1-2

Input Data

Version: November 1999

Revised 01-08-2002

Case Name:

Davlay Progariy - Typical Commercial Building

CHEMICAL OF CONCERN:

Enter Chemical Name =

enezned

C11 benzene

C12 benzo(a)pyrene

C13 carbon tetrachloride

C14 chlorobenzene

C15 chloroethane (ethyl chloride)

C16 chloromethane (methyl chloride)

C17 1,2-dichlorobenzene

C18 1,3-dichlorobenzene

C19 1,4-dichlorobenzene

C20 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE)

C21 trans-1,2-dichloroethene

C22 1,1-dichioroethane (1,1-DCA)

C23 1,2-dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)

E11 dichloromethane (methylene chloride)

E12 ethylbenzene

E13 naphthalene

E14 methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE)

E15 tetrachloroethene (PCE)

E16 toluene

E17 1,1,1-trichloroethane

E18 1,1,2-trichloroethane

E19 trichloroethene (TCE)

E20 trichloromethane (chloroform)

E21 vinyl chloride

E22 xylene

Chemical Mixture (if app.) =

C27 Gasoline

E27 Fuel Oil

C28 Kerosene

E28 Waste Oil

C29 Diesel

If compound is not listed then data must be entered into the site-specific field.

SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION		'	Site-Specific	Value Used
Mole fraction	dimensionless	MF		0.0000
Temperature	K	Т		293
Water concentration (chemical)	ug/l	C _w		0
Soil concentration (chemical)	mg/kg	Ct		0
Soil concentration (TPH/TRPH)	mg/kg	Ct		0
Soil gas concentration (measured)	mg/m3 (ug/l)	C _{sg} (m)	1.06	1.06
Depth of contamination or Soil Gas	m	Х	0.61	0.61

Page 2-2

Data Input

Version: November 1999

Revised 12/20/2000

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			Site Specific	Value Used
Henry's Law Constant	dimensionless	Н		0.23
Vapor pressure	atm	VP		0.13
Molecular weight (chemical)	mg/mole	MW		78,110
Molecular weight (mixture)	mg/mole	MW(m)		#N/A
Universal gas constant	atm-m3/mole-K	R	XXXXXXXXXX	8.20E-05
Diffusion coefficient in air	cm2/sec	Da		0.088
Organic carbon partitioning coef.	cm3/gm	K _{oc}		62
SOIL PROPERTIES				·
Total porosity	dimensionless	θ		0.3
Air-filled porosity	dimensionless	θ_{a}		0.2
Water-filled porosity	dimensionless	$\theta_{\mathbf{w}}$	XXXXXXXXXX	0.1
Bulk density (dry)	gm/cc	r _b		1.8
Weight fraction of organic carbon	dimensionless	foc		0.01
BUILDING SPECIFICATIONS				
Floor area of building	m2	Α		1
% of floor area that flux occurs	dimensionless			100%
Interior Height of building	m	R_h		2.44
Exchange rate of air	exchanges/hr	E		0.83
Attenuation factor(Crack factor)	dimensionless	S _b	0.1	0.1
OUTDOOR AIR COMPONENT				
Downwind contamination length	m	L		0
Wind speed	m/hr	u		16000
Height of building openings	m	h		2
EXPOSURE SCENARIO Default values	are for Industrial U	ses		ı
Body weight	kg	BW		70
Inhalation rate	m3/day	IR		- 20
Exposure duration	yrs	ED		25
Hours per day	hr/day			12
Days per week	days/week			5
Weeks per year	weeks/yr			50
HEALTH RISK FACTORS				
Reference dose	mg/kg-day	RfD		0.0017
Slope factor (potency)	1/(mg/kg-day)	SF		0.1

Risk Calculations

Version: November 1999

Revised 01-08-2002

Case Name:

Davey Property - Typical Commercial Building

Chemical:

benzene

Variable Descriptions

Units

CALCULATION OF SOIL GAS CONCENTRATION

CALCULATION OF SOIL GAS CONSENTATION				
A. SOURCE - Free Product/Soil>100mg/kg.				
Mole fraction	MF	=	0.00E+00	dimensionless
Molecular weight	MW	=	7.81E+04	mg/mole
Vapor pressure	VP	=	1.30E-01	atm
Universal gas constant	R	=	8.20E-05	atm-m3/mole-K
Temperature	Т	=	2.93E+02	К
Calculated soil gas concentration	$C_{sg}(fp)$	= -	0.00E+00	mg/m3
B. SOURCE - Groundwater				
Water contamination level	C_w	=	0.00E+00	ug/l
Henry's Law Constant	Н	=	2.30E-01	dimensionless
Calculated soil gas concentration	$C_{sg}(gw)$	=	0.00E+00	mg/m3
C. SOURCE - Soil < 100 mg/kg				
Soil contamination level	Ct	=	0.00E+00	mg/kg
Henry's Law Constant	Н	=	2.30E-01	dimensionless
Bulk density (dry)	ρ_{b}	=	1.80E+00	gm/cc
Air-filled porosity	$\theta_{\mathtt{a}}$	=	2.00E-01	dimensionless
Water-filled porosity	$\Theta_{\mathbf{w}}$	=	1.00E-01	dimensionless
Soil/water distribution coef.	K_d	=	6.20E-01	cm3/gm
Calculated soil gas concentration	$C_{sg}(s)$	=	0.00E+00	mg/m3
D. SOURCE - Measured Soil Gas				
Measured soil gas concentration	$C_{sg}(m)$	=	1.06E+00	mg/m3 (ug/l)

E. SOIL GAS CONCENTRATION USED IN RISK CALCULATIONS >>>>

1.06E+00 mg/m3

DIFFUSIVE TRANSPORT UPWARD IN UNSATURATED ZONE

Total porosity	, θ	=	3.00E-01	dimensionless
Air-filled porosity	$ heta_\mathtt{a}$	=	2.00E-01	dimensionless
Diffusion coefficient in air	D_{a}	=	8.80E-02	cm2/sec
Effective diffusion coefficient	D_e	=	4.60E-03	cm2/sec
Depth of contamination or Csg	X	=	6.10E-01	m
Calculated Flux	F _x	=	2.88E-03	mg/m2-hour

Risk Calculations

Version: November 1999

Revised 12/20/2000

Case Name: <u>Davey Property - Typical Commercial Building</u>

CALCULATING VAPOR CONCENTRATION IN BUILDING

A. INDOOR AIR COMPONENT	-			
Floor area of building	Α	=	1.00E+00	m2
% of floor area that flux occurs			1.00E+00	dimensionless
Attenuation factor(Crack factor)	Sb	=	1.00E-01	dimensionless
Flux area within building	Af	=	1.00E-01	m2
Interior Height of building	R_h	=	2.44E+00	m
Volume of building	V	=	2.44E+00	m3
Exchange rate of air	E	=	8.30E-01	exchanges/hr
Ventilation rate	Q	=	2.03E+00	m3/hr
Indoor air component	Ci	=	1.42E-04	mg/m3
B. OUTDOOR AIR COMPONENT				
Downwind contamination length	L	=	0.00E+00	m
Wind speed	u	=	1.60E+04	m/hr
Height of building openings	h	=	2.00E+00	m
(or height of breathing zone)				
Outdoor air component	C°	=	0.00E+00	mg/m3
C. TOTAL INDOOR AIR CONCENTRATION	\mathbf{C}_{t}	=	1.42E-04	mg/m3
EXPOSURE SCENARIO				
Body weight	BW	=	7.00E+01	kg
Inhalation rate	lR	=	2.00E+01	m3/day
Exposure duration	ED	=	2.50E+01	yrs
Hours per day	conversi	on	1.20E+01	hr/day
Exposure time	ET	=	5.00E-01	hr/24 hours
Days per week	conversi	on	5.00E+00	days/week
Weeks per year	conversi	on	5.00E+01	weeks/yr
Exposure frequency	EF	=	2.50E+02	days/yr
Averaging Time (carc. risk)	AT	=	2.56E+04	days
Averaging Time (non-carc. risk)	TA	=	9.13E+03	days
Chemical Intake (carc. risk)	lT _c	=	4.96E-06	mg/kg-day
Chemical Intake (non-carc. risk)	IT _{nc}	=	1.39E-05	mg/kg-day
NON-CARCINOGENIC RISK (Chronic Risk)				
Chemical Intake (non-carc. risk)	iT _{nc}	=	1.39E-0	mg/kg-day
Reference dose	RfD	=	1.70E-03	3 mg/kg-day
Hazard Index	HI	=	8.18E-0	3
CARCINOGENIC RISK				
Chemical Intake (carc. risk)	lT _c	=	4.96E-06	6 mg/kg-day
Slope factor (potency)	SF	=	1.00E-0	1 1/(mg/kg-day)
Cancer Risk	Risk	=	4.96E-07	7

Page 1-2

Input Data

Version: November 1999

Revised 01-08-2002

Case Name:

Davey Property - Typical Commercial Building

CHEMICAL OF CONCERN:

Enter Chemical Name =

geuseme

C11 benzene

C12 benzo(a)pyrene

C13 carbon tetrachloride

C14 chlorobenzene

C15 chloroethane (ethyl chloride)

C16 chloromethane (methyl chloride)

C17 1,2-dichlorobenzene

C18 1,3-dichlorobenzene

C19 1,4-dichlorobenzene

C20 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE)

C21 trans-1,2-dichloroethene

C22 1,1-dichloroethane (1,1-DCA)

C23 1,2-dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)

E11 dichloromethane (methylene chloride)

E12 ethylbenzene

E13 naphthalene

E14 methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE)

E15 tetrachloroethene (PCE)

E16 toluene

E17 1,1,1-trichloroethane

E18 1,1,2-trichloroethane

E19 trichloroethene (TCE)

E20 trichloromethane (chloroform)

E21 vinyl chloride

E22 xylene

Chemical Mixture (if app.) =



C27 Gasoline

E27 Fuel Oil

C28 Kerosene

E28 Waste Oil

C29 Diesel

If compound is not listed then data must be entered into the site-specific field.

SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION	•		Site-Specific	Value Used
Mole fraction	dimensionless	MF		0.0000
Temperature	K	Τ		293
Water concentration (chemical)	ug/l	C _w		0
Soil concentration (chemical)	mg/kg	C _t		0
Soil concentration (TPH/TRPH)	mg/kg	C _t		0
Soil gas concentration (measured)	mg/m3 (ug/l)	$C_{sg}(m)$	2.09	2.09
Depth of contamination or Soil Gas	m .	Х	1.52	1.52

Page 2-2

Data Input

Version: November 1999

Revised 12/20/2000

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			Site Specific	Value Used
Henry's Law Constant	dimensionless	Н		0.23
Vapor pressure	atm	VP		0.13
Molecular weight (chemical)	mg/mole	MW		78,110
Molecular weight (mixture)	mg/mole	MW(m)		#N/A
Universal gas constant	atm-m3/mole-K	R	XXXXXXXXX	8.20E-05
Diffusion coefficient in air	cm2/sec	Da		0.088
Organic carbon partitioning coef.	cm3/gm	K _{oc}		62
SOIL PROPERTIES				
Total porosity	dimensionless	θ		0.3
Air-filled porosity	dimensionless	θ_{a}		0.2
Water-filled porosity	dimensionless	$\theta_{\mathbf{w}}$	XXXXXXXXX	0.1
Bulk density (dry)	gm/cc	r _b		1.8
Weight fraction of organic carbon	dimensionless	foc		0.01
BUILDING SPECIFICATIONS				
Floor area of building	m2	Α		1
% of floor area that flux occurs	dimensionless	•		100%
Interior Height of building	m	R _h		2.44
Exchange rate of air	exchanges/hr	E		0.83
Attenuation factor(Crack factor)	dimensionless	S _b	0.1	0.1
OUTDOOR AIR COMPONENT				
Downwind contamination length	m	L		0
Wind speed	m/hr	и		16000
Height of building openings	m	h		2
EXPOSURE SCENARIO Default values	are for Industrial U	ses		
Body weight	kg	BW		70
Inhalation rate	m3/day	IR		20
Exposure duration	yrs	ED		25
Hours per day	hr/day			12
Days per week	days/week			5
Weeks per year	weeks/yr			50
HEALTH RISK FACTORS				
Reference dose	mg/kg-day	RfD		0.0017
Slope factor (potency)	1/(mg/kg-day)	SF		0.1

Page 1-2

Risk Calculations

Version: November 1999

Revised 01-08-2002

Case Name:

Davey Property - Typical Commercial Building

Chemical:

benzene

Variable Descriptions

Units

CALCULATION OF SOIL GAS CONCENTRATION

Mole fraction	MF	=	0.00E+00	dimensionless
Molecular weight	MW	=	7.81E+04	mg/mole
Vapor pressure	VP	=	1.30E-01	atm
Universal gas constant	R	=	8.20E-05	atm-m3/mole-K
Temperature	Т	=	2.93E+02	K
Calculated soil gas concentration	$C_{sg}(fp)$	=	0.00E+00	mg/m3
B. SOURCE - Groundwater				
Water contamination level	C_w	=	0.00E+00	ug/l
Henry's Law Constant	Н	=	2.30E-01	dimensionless
Calculated soil gas concentration	$C_{sg}(gw)$	=	0.00E+00	mg/m3
C. SOURCE - Soil < 100 mg/kg				
Soil contamination level	C_{t}	=	0.00E+00	mg/kg
Henry's Law Constant	Н	=	2.30E-01	dimensionless
Bulk density (dry)	ρ_{b}	=	1.80E+00	gm/cc
Air-filled porosity	θ_{a}	=	2.00E-01	dimensionless
Water-filled porosity	$\theta_{\mathbf{w}}$	=	1.00E-01	dimensionless
Soil/water distribution coef.	K₀	=	6.20E-01	cm3/gm
Calculated soil gas concentration	C _{sg} (s)	=	0.00E+00	mg/m3
D. SOURCE - Measured Soil Gas				
Measured soil gas concentration	$C_{sg}(m)$	=	2.09E+00	mg/m3 (ug/l)

E. SOIL GAS CONCENTRATION USED IN RISK CALCULATIONS >>>>

2.09E+00 mg/m3

DIFFUSIVE TRANSPORT UPWARD IN UNSATURATED ZONE

Total porosity	θ	=	3.00E-01	dimensionless
Air-filled porosity	θ_{a}	=	2.00E-01	dimensionless
Diffusion coefficient in air	D_a	=	8.80E-02	cm2/sec
Effective diffusion coefficient	D_{e}	=	4.60E-03	cm2/sec
Depth of contamination or Csg	X	=	1.52E+00	m
Calculated Flux	F_x	=	2.28E-03	mg/m2-hour

SITE ASSESSMENT & MITIGATION VAPOR RISK ASSESSMENT MODEL Risk Calculations

Version: November 1999 Revised 12/20/2000

Case Name:

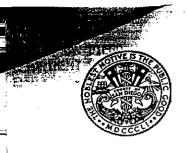
<u>Davey Property - Typical Commercial Building</u>

CALCULATING VAPOR CONCENTRATION IN BUILDING

CALCULATING VAPOR CONCENTRATION IN BU	<u>JILDING</u>			•
A. INDOOR AIR COMPONENT				
Floor area of building	Α	=	1.00E+00	m2
% of floor area that flux occurs			1.00E+00	dimensionless
Attenuation factor(Crack factor)	S_b	=	1.00E-01	dimensionless
Flux area within building	Af	=	1.00E-01	m2
Interior Height of building	R_h	=	2.44E+00	m
Volume of building	V	=	2.44E+00	m3
Exchange rate of air	E	=	8.30E-01	exchanges/hr
Ventilation rate	Q	=	2.03E+00	m3/hr
Indoor air component	Ci	=	1.12E-04	mg/m3
B. OUTDOOR AIR COMPONENT				
Downwind contamination length	L	=	0.00E+00	m
Wind speed	u	=	1.60E+04	m/hr
Height of building openings	h	=	2.00E+00	m
(or height of breathing zone)				
Outdoor air component	Co	=	0.00E+00	mg/m3
C. TOTAL INDOOR AIR CONCENTRATION	Ct	=	1.12E-04	mg/m3
EXPOSURE SCENARIO				
Body weight	BW	=	7.00E+01	kg
Inhalation rate	IR	=	2,00E+01	m3/day
Exposure duration	ED	=	2.50E+01	yrs
Hours per day	conversi	ion	1.20E+01	hr/day
Exposure time	ET	=	5.00E-01	hr/24 hours
Days per week	conversi	ion	5.00E+00	days/week
Weeks per year	conversi	ion	5.00E+01	weeks/yr
Exposure frequency	EF	=	2.50E+02	days/yr
Averaging Time (carc. risk)	AT	=	2.56E+04	days
Averaging Time (non-carc. risk)	AT	=	9.13E+03	days
Chemical Intake (carc. risk)	IT _c	=	3.93E-06	mg/kg-day
Chemical Intake (non-carc. risk)	IT _{nc}	=	1.10E-05	mg/kg-day
NON-CARCINOGENIC RISK (Chronic Risk)				
Chemical Intake (non-carc. risk)	IT _{nc}	=	1.10E-0	5 mg/kg-day
Reference dose	RfD	=	1.70E-0	3 mg/kg-day
Hazard Index	HI	=	6.47E-0	3
CARCINOGENIC RISK				
Chemical Intake (carc. risk)	IT _c	=	3.93E-0	6 mg/kg-day
Slope factor (potency)	SF	=	1.00E-0	1 1/(mg/kg-day)
Cancer Risk	Risk	=	3.93E-0	7

APPENDIX C

DRILLING PERMIT COVER SHEET



PERMIT # W100212 A.P.N. # 489-390-13 EST # H03126-001

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH LAND AND WATER QUALITY DIVISION

MONITORING WELL AND BORING CONSTRUCTION AND DESTRUCTION PERMIT

SITE NAME: SUSAN DAVEY / WURZELL ESTATE PROPERTY

SITE ADDRESS: 1279-1281 E. MAIN STREET, EL CAJON, CA-92021

PERMIT FOR 3 BORINGS

PERMIT APPROVAL DATE: DECEMBER 10, 2001

PERMIT EXPIRES ON: APRIL 9, 2002

PERMIT CONDITIONS:

- All borings must be sealed from the bottom of the boring to the ground surface with an 1. approved sealing material as specified in California Well Standards Bulletin 74-90, Part III, Section 19.D. Drill cuttings are not an acceptable fill material.
- Placement of any sealing material at a depth greater than 30 feet must be done using the 2. tremie method.
- All wash water must be contained and disposed of properly. 3.
- All water and soil that is placed in drums must be labeled and stored as specified in the 4. SAM Manual in: Section 5, Page 7, (5.)
- Within 60 days of completing work, submit a well/boring construction report, including 5. all well and/or boring logs and laboratory data to the Well Permit Desk. This report must include all items required by the SAM Manual, Section 5, Pages 6 & 7. Server regard and harmonic allowants of the
- This office must be given 48-hour notice of any drilling activity on this site and advanced 6. notification of drilling cancellation. Please contact the Well Permit Desk at 338-2339.

This permit does not constitute approval of a work plan as defined in Section NOTE: 2722 of Article 11 of C.C.R., Title 23. Work plans are required for all unauthorized release investigations in San Diego County.

APPROVED BY: MARISÚE CRYSTAL NOTIFIED: 12/10/01 MAR

DATE: 12/10/2001

APPENDIX D

METHODS AND PROCEDURES

D.1 - Drilling and Soil Sampling Procedures

D.2 - Decontamination Procedures

D.3 - Groundwater Monitoring Well Construction and

Development Procedures

D.4 - Groundwater Monitoring Well Sampling Procedures

APPENDIX D -- METHODS AND PROCEDURES

D.1 DRILLING AND SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Subsurface soil samples were collected by mechanical drilling methods using a truck-mounted drilling rig capable of drilling by continuous-flight hollow-stem auger (HSA) method. HSA methods are used when large-diameter or deep borings are required to investigate the subsurface and/or to install groundwater monitoring wells. Soil samples are collected as explained below.

In HSA drilling method, the augers and bits are decontaminated before and between borings by steamcleaning to prevent cross-contamination by the drilling equipment. According to current SAM guidelines, equipment wash water must be contained on-site until laboratory results are available. Soil cuttings are contained in 55-gallon drums and labeled with respect to contents, origin, and contact person information.

During HSA drilling, soil samples are generally collected at five-foot intervals and at lithologic changes by driving a cylindrical sampler 18 inches into undisturbed soil beneath the base of the augers. When the sampler has reached its maximum penetration, it is withdrawn from the borehole and disassembled. Soil samples are retained and packaged, and the sampler is decontaminated by first scrubbing with a low-phosphate detergent solution, then rinsing with tap water, followed by deionized water.

In this soil sampling method, a portion of each sample is packed in a glass jar or a brass tube with TeflonTM-lined lid or end caps. In most cases, the brass or stainless steel tubes are inserted within the sampler and packed with soil as the sampler is driven into the soils. Samples are labeled with respect to location, depth, and date, and then signed and sealed by the sampler. Samples are then entered onto a chain-of-custody form and preserved on ice or refrigerated until delivery to the analytical laboratory.

Field screening for the presence of volatile organic compounds is accomplished with a Foxboro Model 128 organic vapor analyzer (OVA) or photoionization detector (PID). To screen for organic vapors, a soil portion is placed in a one-quart sealable plastic bag, desegregated, and exposed to direct sunlight, which allows soil vapors to collect in the air space of the sealed bag. After a short period of time (five to ten minutes), the bag is pierced with the probe and the reading is recorded. The OVA is calibrated to methane or the PID is calibrated to isobutylene at the beginning of the day. The reading is an indication of the concentration of the volatile organic compounds in the soil sample relative to similar samples analyzed under the same conditions. OVA and PID readings for each bagged sample are noted on the boring and monitoring well logs.

All soil borings, mechanical or manual, are either permitted with the County of San Diego Department of Health Services for drilling deeper than 20 feet, for conditions where groundwater will be encountered, or to construct groundwater/vadose zone monitoring wells, or they are abandoned in accordance with California Department of Water Resources Bulletins 74-81 and 74-90.

D.2 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

Drilling equipment was either steam cleaned or washing with a high-pressure spray. Equipment which was used for sampling and which was in direct contact with soil or groundwater underwent a stringent decontamination process. The procedures are as follows:

• Brush off loose dirt with a bristle brush or cloth in the decontamination area so no visible residuals remain.

- Using scrub brushes, wash equipment in a solution consisting of non-phosphate detergent and tap water.
- · Rinse equipment in tap water.
- As the final step, rinse equipment with distilled water and allow to air dry.

D.3 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT PROCEDURES

Groundwater monitoring well construction is completed through the annular space of the eight- or ten-inch-diameter continuous-fight hollow-stem augers. Well construction details include extending a two-inch diameter polyvinyl chloride (PVC) casing from bottom of the borehole to the surface. The casing is factory perforated with 0.02 inch wide slots from the bottom of the borehole to approximately five feet above the water table. The remainder of the casing to the surface is unperforated. A filter pack of #3 commercially graded sand extends from the bottom of the borehole to approximately three feet above the perforated casing. To construct the well and prevent the borehole from collapsing, the augers are withdrawn from the subsurface as the sand pack and bentonite seal are placed within the annular space of the augers. When the sand pack has been placed, the well is then surged for a minimum of five minutes to settle the sand pack. Additional sand is then added if necessary to complete the construction according to specifications. The annular space is then sealed with three feet of hydrated bentonite clay. The remainder of the well is filled with cement grout. Above the grout, a locking, water-tight traffic-rated well cover is set in concrete to protect and secure the wellhead.

Following construction, the monitoring wells are developed by surging and bailing. Development continues until sand-free water is produced. Water quality parameters such as pH, conductivity and temperature are measured during development to insure that formational water is entering the well. Three to five bore volumes of water are typically removed from the wells during development.

D.4 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

The following procedures for well sampling were developed after the SAM's publication entitled "Site Assessment and Mitigation (SA/M) Manual", dated January 1996, and updated for 2000 and 2002.

- A. Using a decontaminated instrument (i.e., an interface probe), measure the depth to groundwater in reference to the measuring point at the top of the casing. Measure the total depth of the well to determine the height and volume of water in the well casing and borehole and record the measurements on the SECOR Monitoring Well Gauging Log form.
- B. Decontaminate PVC and/or Teflon™ bailers by scrubbing with a long handled brush in a low-phosphate detergent solution, followed by a tap water rinse and then a deionized water rinse.
- C. Utilize dedicated extraction tubing (lift pumps) or decontaminated pumping equipment (submersible pumps), as appropriate, to prepare pumping equipment for well purging.
- D. Conduct field measurements for temperature, pH, and conductivity after approximately one borehole volume has been purged, or if the water level in the well is so low as to prevent further purging (i.e., the well is dry).
- 1) If the well has not been purged dry, continue to bail and/or pump an additional one-half borehole volume and conduct field measurements again.

- a) If the first and second series of measurements vary by less than ten percent, the well has been adequately purged. Allow the well to recover to 80 percent of its static condition and begin the sampling procedure.
- b) If the measurements vary by ten percent or greater, repeat Step D1 above.
- 2) If the well has been purged dry, measure the water level and allow the well to recharge to 80 percent of its static condition, or for two hours, whichever occurs first. Calculate the percent recovery.
- a) If the well recovers less than 80 percent within two hours, it is a slow recharging well. Begin the sampling procedure.
- b) If the well recovers to 80 percent or more within two hours, it is a fast recharging well. Repeat Step D1 above.
- E. After adequate recharge of monitoring wells (approximately 80 percent recovery from maximum drawdown or after two hours if less than 80 percent is observed), use the decontaminated bailer to collect the groundwater sample.
- F. Transfer the groundwater sample into the appropriate sample container(s) for the analyte to be tested, and label each sample using completed sample labels.
- G. Discard or dedicate the bailer cord or pump tubing and repeat bailer/pumping equipment decontamination procedures in preparation of sampling the next well.
- H. Complete Well Purging/Sampling Log forms for each well sampled and the chain-of-custody record.
- I. When requested by client, collect field and trip blank samples of deionized water to check decontamination procedures. Additional and/or alternate field QA/QC samples can be collected and analyzed upon request.
- J. Enter the sample onto the chain-of-custody form and preserve on ice in cooler until delivery to the analytical laboratory. Package samples for shipping; check each sample for proper labeling. Include the samples and custody paperwork in the cooler shipped to the laboratory.

APPENDIX E

BOREHOLE LOGS AND LEGEND

-					BOREHOLE LOG						B-4
	5 E	CO	K		Client:	Mr. R	ichard Reid	Job No: 08OT.0492	26.00	Sheet:	of 1
					Location	Susan D	avey Property	Drilling Comp			
SECOR Rep Brian	: Demme		roved by:			1279/ 1281	East Main Street Cajon, CA	Tri-C	ounty I	Orilling, In	c.
Date Started		Date Finished	1:	Drill Rig/S				Borehole Dia.:	Casing I		e Elevation:
3/5/0	2	3/5/0	2	CME 75	5/ Hollov	V Stem Auger.	/ Continuous Core Barrel	8"	NA	·	NA
ļ	AMPLE LO					1	BOREHOLE LOG				
Sample Number	OVA/PII (ppm)	Lab Results TPH(ppm)	Density Blows/ft	Depth in Feet	USCS Symbol	Graphic Log	Geold (Soil Type, Color, grain, minor se	egic Description oil component, moi	sture, densi	ty, odor, etc.)	Backfill Detail
				0-		াজ্ঞা	Covered by: Asphalt (Base (4")				15 80-4
			ļ	1							11:11
				2	SM		Silky SAND, moderate grained, moist, dense,				
				3		1 1 1	<i>g</i> ,,		•	,	
											H
SB-4/5'	10	<0.5									
				Ĭ,							H
				7							
		-		* 🔄							H
CD 4/10	1,000	80		' %			Becomes grayish brow	ил (5YR 3/2).	Strong	HC odor.	H
SB-4/10'	1,000	- 80		10			Docomes grayish brov	vii (5 1 1 t 5/2).	Duong	no cuci.	HWW-
				1	•		Becomes moderate bro	own (5YR 3/4). Very	dense.	H
SB-4/12'	1,000	1,400		2							
				3			TOTAL DEPTH	. מכו ז נוממ ז	- 12! DC	3.C	
				4				·			
				15			Borehole backfilled with concrete.	bentonite chi	ps and o	apped	H
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		-	-	8							H
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		 -	-	30							H F
k:\Allprojec	ts2002ds	res\ Genera	1 12002\ D	avev Pron	ertv\ Day	revSB-4.dwg		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			11

SECOR Rapic Second State of the Position of th			00	ъ		BOREHOLE LOG						SB-5		
SECOR Reg: Brian Demme Date Statesct. 3/5/02 Date Finished: Disk Reg-Sampling Method: CMB 75/ Hollow Stern Auger/ Continuous Core Barrel Rampte (span) The County Drilling, Inc. Date Statesct. CMB 75/ Hollow Stern Auger/ Continuous Core Barrel R" NA NA NA Sample (span) The County Drilling, Inc. The Sample (span) Supple (span) The Span Stern Auger (span) Depth Labesct Desciption Supple (span) The Span Stern Auger (span) Depth Labesct Desciption Supple (span) The Span Stern Auger (span) Depth Labesct Desciption Supple (span) The Span Stern Auger (span) Depth Labesct Desciption Supple (span) The Span Stern Auger (span) Depth Labesct Desciption Supple (span) Shape (str.) Shape (st		SE	CO	K		Client:	Mr. R	ichard Reid		26.00		of 1		
Date Stander						Location	அம்வ ந	avey Property	Drilling Compa	any/Drille	er;			
Description			1	roved by:					Tri-C	ounty I	Orilling, In	nc.		
SER-5/12 1,000 960 150 1,800 150 1,800	Brian	n Demme	;				EIC	Lajon, CA						
Sample OVA/FID tab Remits Density Density Density Density in Feet Symbol Log (Soil Type, Color, gata, miser and component, notature, density, odar, etc.) Number OVA/FID tab Remits Density in Feet Symbol Log (Soil Type, Color, gata, miser and component, notature, density, odar, etc.) Covered by: Asphalt (4") Base (4") SSM Silly SAND, moderate brown (5'YR 3/4), fine grained, trace coarse sand, weathered concrete, brick, meist, no hydrocarbon (HC) odor. SB-5/12 1,000 1,800 SB-5/12 1,000 1,800 TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED = 12' BGS Borchole backfilled bestonite chips and capped with concrete.	Date Started	î:	Date Finished	i:	Drill Rig/S	Sampling M	lethod:		Borehole Dia.:	Casing I	Dia:. Surfac	e Elevation:		
Subject (Speed) (Philippen) (P	3/5/0	02	3/5/0)2	CME 75	/ Hollow	Stem Auger	/ Continuous Core Barrel	8"	NA	.	NA		
Subject (Speed) (Philippen) (P		SAMPLE LO)G					BOREHOLE LOG	!					
SB.5/5' 0.0 <0.5 SB.5/5' 0.0 <0.5 SB.5/10' 1,000 960 SB.5/12' 1,000 1,800 SB.5/12' 1,000 SB.5/12' 1,0					Depth in Feet	USCS Symbol	Graphic Log	Geold (Soil Type, Color, grain, minor se	gic Description oil component, mois	sture, densi	ty, odor, etc.)			
SB-5/10 1,000 960 10 SB-5/12 1,000 1,800 2 TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED = 12' BGS Borbole backfilled bentonite chips and capped with concrete.			1		0		1.V 1.							
SB-5/10 1,000 960 10 SB-5/12 1,000 1,800 2 TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED = 12' BGS Borbole backfilled bentonite chips and capped with concrete.					2	SM		Silty SAND, moderate	brown (5YR	3/4), fir	ne ete,			
SB-5/10 1,000 960 10 1 10 SB-5/12 1,000 1,800 2 TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED = 12' BGS Borehole backfilled bentonite chips and capped with concrete.					3									
SB-5/12' 1,000 1,800 3 TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED = 12' BGS Borehole backfilled bentonite chips and capped with concrete.	SB-5/5'	0.0	<0.5		5									
SB-5/12' 1,000 1,800 3 TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED = 12' BGS Borehole backfilled bentonite chips and capped with concrete.					6 X									
SB-5/12' 1,000 1,800 3 TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED = 12' BGS Borehole backfilled bentonite chips and capped with concrete.														
TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED = 12' BGS Borehole backfilled bentonite chips and capped with concrete.	SB-5/10'	1,000	960		10			Becomes strong HC o	dor.					
4 Borehole backfilled bentonite chips and capped with concrete.	SB-5/12'	1,000	1,800		2									
15 with concrete.					3			TOTAL DEPTH	H DRILLED =	= 12' BC	SS			
					15				bentonite chi	ps and c	apped			
			:		6									
					8									
					9									
					1									
					3									
			<u> </u>		4									
7 8 9 30					6									
30 30			:		7 8									
30 1					9									
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Number:

									BC	REHOLE LO	,OG			SB-6		
	SE	C	O	R			Client:	M	ír. Ric	chard Reid	Job No: 08OT.0492	26.00	Sheet:	1 o	f 1	
							Location:	A mai	an Da	vey Property	Drilling Compa	ny/Drill	er:			
SECOR Rep			App	roved by:				1279/		East Main Street	Tri-C	ounty I	Orillin	g, Inc.	,	
	Demme		<u> </u>						Li Ci		Daniel Die	Carl 3	Diag Lo	fo '		tion
Date Started		Date F					Sampling M			Continuous Com Damel	Borehole Dia.:	Casing 1	- 1	urface I	Elevai A	TOTE
3/5/0)2		3/5/0	2	CM	년 /3	HOIIOM	otem A	ugeI/	Continuous Core Barrel	٥	INA	`			
	SAMPLE LO									BOREHOLE LOG						2_0-1
Sample Number	OVA/PII (ppm)	D Lab R TPH(esults ppm)	Density Blows/ft	Dep in Fe	th ect	USCS Symbol	Graph Log	nic	Geolo (Soil Type, Color, grain, minor se	gic Description oil component, mois	sture, densi	ty, odor,	etc.)	Bac De	
	-	-			0					Covered by: Grass (6")				$\prod_{i=1}^{n}$	π
		<u> </u>			1		ar Mac	[[]]		Silty SAND, moderate	brown (5YR	3/4), fi	ne		- `.	". ∃
					2		SM/SC			grained, dry to moist, hydrocarbon (HC) odd	medium dense v. Rorderline	eilt or o	lav		 ₩	
					2				1	nydrocarbon (HC) odd	n. Bolderinie	SIII OI C	ay.			
						H										
SB-6/5'	0.0	<	0.5		4										-	\longrightarrow
	<u> </u>	1			5	Z										
	 	+ -		-	6	Ø										
	-	-		-	7	Ø									-	
					8	Ø									-	\square
					,	Ø	L		\perp _		_ _					
SB-6/10	0.0	_ <	0.5		9		SM			Silty SAND, moderate	brown (5YR	4/4), fi	ne			
	<u> </u>	\top			10	X	PIM			grained, trace fine gra	vel, moist, de	nse, no	HC od	lor.	F##	
SB-6/12'	0.0	+	0.5	1	. 1	Š										
3D-0/1Z	0.0	+-		 	2				+						J***	****
	ļ	-			3]			TOTAL DEPTI	H DRILLED :	= 12' B0	GS		Н	F
				<u> </u>	4									1		Н
				<u></u>	,,		1			Borehole backfilled with concrete.	i dentonite chi	ps and	cappeo	1	Ħ	Н
					15		1								H	-
	-	1			6		1								A	H
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<u></u>	 	 -		-	30	\Box	-								Н	-
k:\Allproie	cts2002d	lwes\G	eners	12002\1)avev	Pro	pertv\Dav	ev\$B-6.0	lw <i>a</i>							.1.

Number:

DEFINITION OF TERMS GRAPHIC GROUP PRIMARY DIVISIONS SECONDARY DIVISIONS SYMBOL SYMBOL Well graded gravels, gravel-sand GW mixtures, little or no fines. Clean Gravels (Less Than 5% **GRAVELS** Fines) Poorly graded gravels or gravel-sand GP mixtures, little or no fines. More Than Half Than Half Of Material Is Larger Than No. 200 Sleve Size Of Coarse COARSE GRAINED SOILS Fraction Is Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay Larger Than No. **GM** mixtures, non-plastic fines. 4 Sieve Gravel With Fines Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay GC mixtures, plastic fines. Well graded sands or gravelly sands, SW little or no fines. Clean Sands (Less Than 5% SANDS Fines) Poorly graded sands or gravelly sands, SP More Than Half little or no fines. Of Coarse Fraction Is Smaller Than Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures, plastic SMNo. 4 Sieve Sands With Fines Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures, SC plastic fines. Inorganic sitts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands or clayey silts with slight plasticity. ML SILTS AND CLAYS Half Of Material Is Smaller No. 200 Sleve Size Inorganic clays of low to medium Liquid Limit Is GRAINED SOILS CL plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, Less Than 50% silty clays, lean clays. Organic sitts and organic sitty clays of OL low plasticity. Inorganic silts, micaceous or MH diatomaceous fine sandy or sitty soils, elastic silts. Than T FINE (SILTS AND CLAYS Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat More CH Liquid Limit Is Greater Than 50% Organic clays of medium to high OH plasticity, organic sitts. HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS Pt Peat and other highly organic soils. Dg Decomposed granite.

SECOR

INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED 2655 CAMINO DEL RIO N., SUITE 302 SAN DIEGO, CA. 92108 BOREHOLE/WELL LOG LEGEND
Page 1 of 2

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GRAIN SIZES

	ι	J.S. Sta	ntard Series S	Sieve		Clear Square Sieve Openings					
	200	40) 1	0	4	3/	'4°	3"	1:	12"	
SILT and CLAYS			SAND			GR/	VEL		COBBLES	BOULDERS	
OILT AIR OLYTO	Fin	e	Medium	Coarse		Fine	Coarse				

RELATIVE DENSITY

Sand and Gravels	Blows/Foot [†]
Very Loose	0 - 4
Loose	4-10
Medium Dense	10-30
Dense	30 -50
Very Dense	Over 50

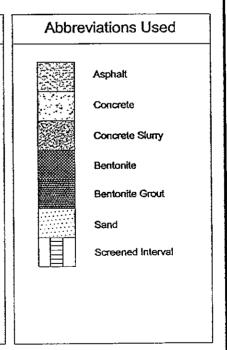
CONSISTENCY

Silt and Clays	Strength ‡	Blows/Foot [†]
Very Loose Soft	0 - 1/4 1/4 - 1/2	0-2 2-4
Firm	1/2-1	2-4
Stiff	1-2	8 - 16
Very Stiff	2-4	16-32
. Hard	Over 4	Over 32

- Number of blows of 140 pound hammer falling 30 inches to drive a 2 inch O.D. (1-3/8 inch I.D.) split Spoon (ASTM D-1586).
- Unconfined compressive strength in tons/sq.ft. as determined by laboratory testing or approximated by the standard penetration test (AST D-1586), pocket penetrometer, torvane, or visual observation.

Graph	ic Log Symbols
⚠ Free F	Product
∑ Groun	d Water (Static)
<u>▼</u> Groun	nd Water (First Encountered)
Well Design Symbol	
< > c	entralizer

	Abbreviations Used		
ags	Above Ground Surface		
msl	Mean Sea Level		
A/C	Asphalt/Concrete		
Bent	Bentonite		
bgs	Below Ground Surface		
dia	Diameter		
•	Feet		
FP	Free Product		
GW	Groundwater		
HC	Hydrocarbon		
•	Inches		
med	Medium		
mod	Moderate		
NR	Not Recorded		
ppm	Parts Per Million		



SECOR

INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED 2655 CAMINO DEL RIO N., SUITE 302 SAN DIEGO, CA. 92108 BOREHOLE/WELL LOG LEGEND

Page 2 of 2

APPENDIX F

MONITORING WELL GAUGING LOG WELL PURGING/SAMPLING LOGS

₹ Page

MONITORING WELL GAUGING LOG

Susan Davey Property 08OT.@48825.00 / 0010 92640 Site Name & Facility No: Project Number:

Field Representative(s): M. Sie Sert & M. Olin

Date:

2/19/02

Checked by:

Comments		·	Heavy Routs							
Corrected Groundwater Elevation ¹ *										
Groundwater Elevation ¹	4/4	H/H	N/A	NA	HH	4/N	NA			
Casing Elevation ¹	N/4	N/A	N/H	4/M	4/4	N/4	4/14			
Total Casing Depth (ft)	20.00	20.10	17.60	20.25	19.00	18.50	20.00			
Floating Product Thickness			\							
Depth to Water (ft)	0816	10.92	8.70	88.6	18.01	8,66	02:01			
Depth to Floating Product		\	\	سر)			
Gauging Time	0350	0931	0939	5560	0947	0360	5460			
Previous QTR DTW	9.50	10.55	8.60	9.49	10.37	8.30	10.25			
Well No.	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	MW-6	MW-7			

⁼ feet above mean sea level unless noted otherwise Notes:

Sheen = dicontinous, non-measurable thickness of LPH Trace = continous, non-measurable thickness of LPH

⁼ elevation adjusted by adding (.75 x product thickness) to measured water elevation

⁼ not measured due to the present of liquid-phase hydrocarbons

	WELL	PURGING /	SAMPLIN	G LOG	Well No:	W- 1		
SECOR	Project Name:	Susai	Davey Property		Date:	2/19/02		
	Project Numbe	r: 080	OT.04926.00 / 0010		Sample Time:	40		
INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED	SECOR Rep:	-	Checked by	Off	Sample No:	W- 1		
PURGING & SAMPLIN	Commence of the Commence of th		WE	LLSPECIFIC	ATIONS & MEAS	UREMENTS		
Water Level Meter Type & ID: Sol	inist#5	ı	Borehole Diameter (in): 8 (10) 12 Vault					
Purging Equipment / Method:	Vac Truck Submersible Pu	Bailer mpOther	Casing Diam	eter (in):	2 4 6	8 10 12	2	
pH Temp/Conductivity Meter Type /	ID: Cole Parm	erCP-1	Depth to Wat	er (DTW ₁) (ft):	9,80	·		
` 	flon Bailer <u>X</u> Di	sposable Bailer	Total Well Depti (DTB) (ft):	h 20.00	Water Column:	10.20		
Oth	er:Steam / High Pr	essure Wash	Floating Prod	uct:	Thickness (in):			
Decontamination Method:	3 Stage (Alcono	x, Tap & DI rinse)	Borehole Volume (gal):	15.30	1.5 Borehole Volumes (gal):	2.95		
	Other:	PURGING	INFORMA		Volumes (gal).	×(1)	S 8801	
Time DTW (ft)	Water Volume Purged (gal)		Temp (°C)	Elect. Cond.		Description bidity, color)	200000	
Started Purging						3, 33.07		
1109 14.39	15	6.69	19,4	1370	Bolder, Cla	ody, Brown	<u> </u>	
1140 10,94	SAMPLE	6.61	17.3	1501			\dashv	
Maximum Drawdown (DTW:	 X			 	_			
Pump Rate (GPM) = \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		ast Rechargin	•		:			
	Slow Recharging Well GINFORMATION							
Time Sampled: ((40)	Time Sampled: 1/47)				Depth to Water at time of sampling (DTW ₃): 10.94			
Container Types & Volumes	Filtered (Y/N)	Sample Pre	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Analytical Param			
2 of 3 x 40ml VOAs		HCL & ICE	or NONE	TPHg,	, BTEX, MTBE, (8015, 8260)		
		·		DIPE,	TAME, ETBE, T	BA (8260b)	-	
BOREHOLE VOLU	ME CALCUI	ATIONS		RECOVER	Y CALCULAT	IONS		
The calculation of one bo					(DTW 4) = (DTW 4)			
the formula in t			% of Reco	very = 1	$\frac{(DTW_1) - (DTW_3)}{(DTW_1) - (DTW_2)}$	× 100		
Diameter (in) Diameter (in) Volume (gal)								
2 8	2 8 .81 (DTB-DTW ₁) 2 10 1.14 (DTB-DTW ₁) 4 10 1.50 (DTB-DTW ₁)		% of Recov	very = 1 -	(9.80)-(10.94) = -1.14) -5.71	$-\ $	
			% of Recovery = 1 - $\frac{(9.80) - (10.94)}{(9.80) - (15.51)}$ =					
4 12	 ` ` · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					_ 00 %		
Notes:	1.95 (DT	D-D1 (V1)				= 00 %		
					all			
			80% Recharg	ie =	1			

	WELL	PURGING /	SAMPLIN	G LOG	Well No: M	W- 2		
SECO	R Project Name	: Susan	Davey Pro					
	Project Number: 08C			T.04926.00 / 0910 Sample Time:				
INTERNATIONA INCORPORATE		Set	Checked by: MW- 2					
The state of the s	IPLING EQUIPMEN	named Armene and recommendate of the foreign at the	WEI	A SPECIFIC	ATIONS & MEAS	SUREMENTS		
Water Level Meter Type & II	o: Solinist#5		Borehole Dia	ımeter (in):	8 10	12 Vaul	t	
Purging Equipment / Metho	od: Vac Truck Submersible I	Bailer Other	Casing Diame	Casing Diameter (in): 2 4 6 8 10 12				
pH Temp/Conductivity Meter Type / ID: Lole Parmer CP-			Depth to Wate		10.92			
Sampling Method:	Teflon Bailer	Disposable Bailer	Total Well Depth (DTB) (ft):	20.10	Water Column:	9,18		
<u>"</u>	Other:Steam / High	Pressure Wash	Floating Produ	ıct:	Thickness (in):			
Decontamination M	ethod: Stage (Alcor		Borehole Volume (gal):	13.77	1.5 Borehole Volumes (gal):	20.66		
II,	Otter:	PURGING	INFORMA					
Time DT\	N (ft) Water Volum Purged (gal	l n⊢	Temp (°C)	Elect. Cond. (µ mhos)		Description irbidity, color)		
	Purging		1 2		[2]: [1] [2]	3		
1212 DF 1252 DRY		6.93	20.2 22.0	1260	Slightlder, Cl	11 11		
1452 13.	<u> </u>							
Maximum Drawdowr	60 F	ast Rechargir	na Well					
Pump Rate (GPM)	1 20	low Rechargi	•					
11		SAMPLING						
Time Sampled: / 41			<u> </u>	er at time of sa		13.75_		
Container Types & Vo					Analytical Para			
2 or 3 x 40ml	VOAs	HCL & ICE	or NONE	 	, BTEX, MTBE, , TAME, ETBE,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1,4								
	VOLUME CALC			RECOVE	RY CALCULA	TIONS		
II.	one borehole volu rula in the SAM Ma		% of Reco	overy = 1 -	$(DTW_1) - (DTW_3)$ $(DTW_1) - (DTW_2)$	- × 100		
Casing Bor		ted Borehole			(D1001) - (D1002)			
		ume (gal) DTB-DTW₁)	% of Recovery = 1 -		(10.92)-(13,7	15) -2.	.83	
<u> </u>		DTB-DTW ₁)			(10.92)-(20.10	$\frac{1}{9}$ = $\frac{1}{9}$	18	
4	10 1.50 (DTB-DTW ₁)			•	ra		
	12 1.95 (DTB-DTW ₁)				= 61	<u></u> %	
votes:					/			
, n ,			80% Rechar	ge = 12.	.76			
,- ,								

			WELLI	PURGING /	SAMPLIN	G LOG	Well No:	V- 3	
•	SEC	COR	Project Name:	Susan	Davey Property Date: 2/19/02			2/19/02	
		Project Number: 080			T.04926.00 / 9010 Sample Time:			3	
-	INTERNA INCORPO	ATIONAL ORATED	SECOR Rep. M. Siese	rt	Checked by:	10/1	Sample No: MV	V- 3	
	PURGING	& SAMPLING	EQUIPMENT	/ METHOD	WELL SPECIFICATIONS & MEASUREMENTS				
7	Water Level Meter	гуре & ID: Soli:	nist#5		Borehole Diameter (in): 8 (10) 12 Vault				
1	Purging Equipmen	t / Method:	Vac Truck Submersible Pun	∑.Bailer npOlher	Casing Diameter (in): 2 4 6 8 10 12				
· · · ·	pH Temp/Conduct	ivity Meter Type / I	D: Cole Para	verCP-1	Depth to Wate	er (DTW ₁) (ft):	8.70		
-	Sampling Method:Teflon BailerDisposable Bailer				Total Well Depth (DTB) (ft):	17.60	Water Column: 5	3.90	
	Other:Other:				Floating Produ	uct:	Thickness (in):		
	Decontamina	ition Method:	X3 Stage (Alconox		Borehole Volume (gal):	7.3.5	1.5 Borehole Volumes (gal):	.03	
-			Other:	PURGING	INFORMA]		
	Time	DTW (ft)	Water Volume Purged (gal)	pН	Temp (°C)	Elect. Cond.		escription oidity, color)	
	1007	Started Purging	9			1 3			
-	1019	DRY	13	6.62	27.0	1206	No Odor, Cloud	ly, Brown	
-	1128	DRY 9.63	SAMPLE	6.90	25,2	1329	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	1100	1102	SHIMILE						
4									
-	Maximum Drawdown (DTW ₂) (ft) = 17.60				, _ Fi	ast Rechargin	ng Well		
┈	Pump Rate (G	PM) = 0.9	57			low Rechargii	ng Well		
1				SAMPLING	I				
_	Time Sampled:	(128			Depth to Wate	er at time of sa	mpling (DTW ₃): 9 .	.63	
	Container Typ	es & Volumes	Filtered (Y/N)	Sample Pre	servatives		Analytical Param	eters	
	2 or (3) x 4	40ml VOAs		HCL & ICE	or NONE	TPHg	, BTEX, MTBE, (8015, 8260)	
						DIPE,	TAME, ETBE, T	BA (8260b)	
1	BOREHO	DLE VOLUM	ME CALCUI	ATIONS		RECOVER	RY CALCULAT	IONS	
_1! 		10 000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	rehole volume		Je Coura serve o Meson de de la serve		<u> </u>		
Ĭ			he SAM Manu		% of Reco	very = 1 -	$\frac{(DTW_1) - (DTW_3)}{(DTW_1) - (DTW_2)}$	x 100	
_ - -	Casing Diameter (in)	Borehole Diameter (in)		d Borehole le (gal)			. ,, ,		
	2	8		B-DTW₁)			(8,70)-(9.63)0.93	
ı,	2	10	1.14 (DT	B-DTW₁)	% of Recovery = 1 -		(8.70)-(17.60) -8.90	
	4	10	1.50 (DT	B-DTW ₁)				90 ~	
_**	4 Notes:	12	1.95 (DT	B-DTW ₁)				=	
	10100.								
-11		·			80% Recharg	$ge = \int O r$	48		

	WELL	PURGING/	SAMPLING LOG		Well No: MW- 4		
SECOR	Project Name:	Susar	n Davey Pro	perty	Date:	2/1	9/02
	Project Numbe	r: 080`	OT.04926.00 / 0010 /		Sample Time:	#1338	<u> </u>
INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED	SECOR Rep:		Checked by:	0/14	Sample No:	MW- 4	
PURGING & SAMPLING	and the second second second second second second		al francisco de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la compan	L SPECIFIC	ATIONS & F	MEASUREM	IENTS
Water Level Meter Type & ID: Solin	nist # 5		Borehole Dia	Borehole Diameter (in): 8 (10) 12 \			Vault
Purging Equipment / Method:	Vac Truck Submersible Pu	Bailer Other	Casing Diame	ter (iĥ):	2 4	6 8	10 12
pH Temp/Conductivity Meter Type / II	Depth to Wate	er (DTW ₁) (ft):	9,88	<u></u>			
Sampling Method:Tefle	Total Well Depth (DTB) (ft):	20.25	Water Colu	mn: 10.3	57		
Other:Other:Steam / High Pressure Wash			Floating Produ		Thickness (i		
Decontamination Method:			Borehole Volume (gal):	F F L	1.5 Borehole	23.3	7
	Other:	PIRCING	INFORMA		volumes (gal):	<u> </u>	>
Time DTW (ft)	Water Volume Purged (gal)	pН	Temp (°C)	Elect. Cond.		Vater Descrip	
1230 Started Purging		1					
1240 13.13 1246 12.27	<u> 16</u> 23	6.80	22.3	1253	No Odos	- Coody	Brown Black
1338 9.88	SAMPLE	(0.01	adia	10,23			
Maximum Drawdown (DTW ₂)	<u> </u> て	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
Pump Rate (GPM) = 1, 4	, –			ist Rechargin ow Rechargir	•		
		SAMPLING	GINFORMATION				
Time Sampled: 13,38			Depth to Wate	r at time of sa	mpling (DTW _s	9.88	
Container Types & Volumes	Filtered (Y/N)	Sample Pre	servatives		Analytical	Parameters	
2 or 3 x 40ml VOAs		HCL & ICE	or NONE	TPHg.	BTEX, MT	BE, (8015,	8260)
				DIPE,	TAME, ET	BE, TBA (8260b)
BOREHOLE VOLUM	1E CALCUI	ATIONS		RECOVER	RY CALCU	LATIONS	
The calculation of one bor			04 6 5		(DTW ₁) - (DTW	V-1	
the formula in the			% of Reco	very = 1 - ·	(DTW ₁) - (DTW	$\frac{V_3}{V_2}$ × 1	00
Casing Borehole Diameter (in) Diameter (in)		d Borehole e (gal)			<i></i>		_
2 8	<u>`</u>	B-DTW ₁)	% of Recov	rery = 1 -	(9.88)-(7.88	$=\frac{-0.60}{-0.50}$
2 10	<u></u>	B-DTW ₁)			(7,88)-(1	(کابک	-5,25
4 10		B-DTW ₁)				_	100%
dotes:	וט) פא.ו	B-DTW₁)				— .	100
U,				iA	52		11
i			80% Recharg	e = <u> (</u>	53		

		WELL	PURGING /	SAMPLIN	G LOG	Well No:	MVV- 5		
SEC	COR	Project Name:	Susar	n Davey Pro	perty	Date:		9/02	
ļ		Project Numbe	r: 080	OT.04926.00 / 0010		Sample Time:	1345		
13	ATIONAL ORATED	SECOR Rep.	<u>.</u> . →	Checked by	0/1	Sample No:	MW- 5		-1.
PURGING	& SAMPLING	G EQUIPMENT		WEI	A SPECIFIC	EATIONS &	MEASUREN	MENTS	
Water Level Meter	Type & ID: Sol	inist#5		Borehole Dia	ameter (in):	8	10 12	Vau	lt
Purging Equipmen	nt / Method:	Vac Truck Submersible Pu	∑Bailer mp Other	Casing Diame	eter (in):	2 4	6 8	10	12
pH Temp/Conduc	tivity Meter Type /	D: Lole Parm	ner-19-1	Depth to Wate	er (DTW ₁) (ft):	10.81			
Sampling Method:Teflon BailerDisposable Bailer				Total Well Depth (DTB) (ft):	19.00	Water Colu	umn: 8, 1	9	
Other:Steam / High Pressure Wash			Floating Produ		Thickness	·	•		
Decontamina	ation Method:	3 Stage (Alcono		Borehole Volume (gal):	1.7	1.5 Borehole	<i>G CC</i>		
		Other:	PERCING	INFORMA		Volumes (gai):	9.95		
Time	DTW (ft)	Water Volume		Temp (°C)	Elect. Cond.		Water Descrip		
1310	Started Purging	Purged (gal)		1	(μ mhos)	[(0	dor, turbidity,	color)	
1318	15,05	7	6.74	23.0	1201	No Odor	Coudy,	Brown	^
1325	14,91	SAMPLE	6.73	23,2	1261	1('	11 0	11	
	0,000	ATIVII CU							
Maximum Dra Pump Rate (G) (ft) = 15.0	5		ıst Rechargin	~			
rump Kate (G		7	SAMPLING		ow Rechargir	ng Well		× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	
Time Sampled:	1745			Depth to Water at time of sampling (DTW₃): 10.82					
Container Typ	es & Volumes	Filtered (Y/N)	Sample Pre	reservatives Analytical Parameters					
2 01(3)x 4	10ml VOAs		HCL & ICE		TPHa.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TBE, (8015.	8260)	
							BE, TBA (
BOREHO	OLE VOLUM	ME CALCUI	ATIONS		RECOVER	V CAT CI	T ATIONS	.	
BOREHOLE VOLUME CALCULATIONS The calculation of one borehole volume is based on						4			
th	e formula in t	he SAM Manu	al.	% of Recov	very = 1	(DTW ₁) - (DTV (DTW ₁) - (DTV	$\frac{N_3}{N_2}$ × 1	00	ļ
Casing Diameter (in)	Borehole Diameter (in)	Calculated Volum							
2	8		B-DTW₁)	% of Recovery = 1 - $\frac{(0.81)-(0.6)}{(0.81)-(15.6)}$		io .82)		,01	
2	10	1.14 (DT	B-DTW₁)			(10.81)-(1	15.05)	-4.	235
4	10	1.50 (DT	B-DTW ₁)					100	
Notes:	12	1.95 (DT	B-DTW₁)				=.	100	% -
					1/	(_(
				80% Recharge	e = (·	$\varphi\varphi$			

		SAMPLING LOG Well No: MW- 6							
SEC	COR	Project Name:	Susa	n Davey Property Date: 2/19/02					
		Project Numbe	r: 080	T.04926.00	/ 9010 , ,	Sample Time:	1426		
31	ATIONAL ORATED	SECOR Rep:	Gest -	Checked by:	NOR	Sample No:	MW- 6		 -
C		G EQUIPMENT			LL SPECIFIC	CATIONS &	MEASURE	MENTS	
Water Level Meter	Гуре & ID: Sol	inist#_5		Borehole Dia	ameter (in):	8	10 12	Vau	ult
Purging Equipmer	nt / Method:	Vac Truck Submersible Pur	Bailer Other	Casing Diame	eter (in):	2 4	6 8	10	12
pH Temp/Conduct	ivity Meter Type /	D: Cole Par	mer-CP4	Depth to Wate	er (DTW ₁) (ft):	8.66	, , , ,		
Sampling Met	hod:Te	lon BailerDi	Total Well Depth (DTB) (ft):	18.50	Water Colu	ımn: 9.8	34	7.	
Other:Steam / High Pressure Wash				Floating Prod		Thickness		,	
Decontamina	ntion Method:	Za Stage (Alcono)		Borehole	797	1.5 Borehole	11.9	36	
		Other:	PURGING	Volume (gal): INFORMA	TION	Volumes (gal):	: / (
Time	DTW (ft)	Water Volume Purged (gal)	pН	Temp (°C)	Elect. Cond.	,	Water Descri dor, turbidity,	•	
	Started Purging	· argon (gar)	<u> </u>	1	(2 miles)	1 (0	aor, tarbiaity,	colory	
1406	9,99	8	688	26.0	1436	No Odoi	eloudy	Bron	パレ
142C	8.66	12 SAMPLE	6.83	21.9	1367				-
		791102	_						
		3 2 ~							
		$f(t) = \int_{0}^{\infty} (3t)^{2}$	S (ast Rechargin				
Pump Rate (G	P(0) = 1.0	O	SAMPLING	Slow Recharging Well G INFORMATION				vese-1000 coss	
Time Sampled:	1426		.5/44/14///	Depth to Water at time of sampling (DTW ₃): 8-66					
Container Type	es & Volumes	Filtered (Y/N)	Sample Pre	·			Parameters		
2 or (3) x 4	l0ml VOAs	, ,	HCL & ICE		TPHa		TBE, (8015		
							BE, TBA (
BOREHO)LE VOLUM	ME CALCUI	ATIONS		RECOVER	V CAT CI	II A TION	~	060000000000000000000000000000000000000
		rehole volume	······································		KBCO V.D.	CIE CALL CI	01 P. 2 G 18 (C) ()	9	
		he SAM Manu		% of Reco	very = 1 -	$(DTW_1) - (DT)$ $(DTW_1) - (DT)$	$\frac{W_3}{W_2}$ X	100	
Casing Diameter (in)	Borehole Diameter (in)	Calculated				. ,,			
2	(9.7)				(8.66)-(8.66)	-0	.00	
2	10	1.14 (DT	B-DTW₁)	% of Recov	very = 1 -	(8.66)-(1	10.31)	= -1 ,	65
4 10 1.50 (DTB-DTW ₁)		% of Recov				ا دد ا	-		
4 12 1.95 (DTB-DTW ₁)					=	100	_% _		
Notes:						CEC.			
I				80% Recharg	_{le =} 5,	97			
	 :-	,""				``			

		WELLI	PURGING /	SAMPLIN	G LOG	Well No:	MW-	7	
SEC	COR	Project Name:	Susan	Davey Pro	perty	Date:		/19/02	
		Project Number	: 080	Г.04926.00	/ 0010, /	Sample Time:	1100	1	
76	ATIONAL ORATED	SECOR Rep.	+ M. Oliphant	Checked by:	NOT	Sample No:	MW-	7	
	& SAMPLING	Control of the second consideration and the second control of the	construction and account of freeholds and the same		LSPECIFIC	ATIONS &	MEASUR	EMENTS	
Water Level Meter	Type & ID: Soli	nist#5		Borehole Dia	meter (in):	(3)	10 1	2 Va	ult
Purging Equipmen	nt / Method:	Vac Truck Submersible Pun	Bailer Other	Casing Diame	eter (in):	2 4	6 8	10	12
pH Temp/Conduc	tivity Meter Type / I	D: lde Parn	rer EP-1	Depth to Wate	er (DTW ₁) (ft):	10.70	<u>フ</u>	•	
	thod:Tef	Total Well Depth (DTB) (ft):	20.00	Water Col	umn § 9.,	30			
	Othe	er: Steam / High Pre	ssure Wash	Floating Produ	uct:	Thickness	(in):		
Decontamina	ation Method:	X3 Slage (Alconox		Borehole Volume (gal):	7,53 6060	1.5 Borehole Volumes (gal)	: 11.30	<u> </u>	
		Other:	PURGING						
Time	DTW (ft)	Water Volume Purged (gal)	рН	Temp (°C)	Elect. Cond. (µ mhos)	1	Water Des	•	
1000	Started Purging	3 - (3 - 7			, v	,			
1032	DRY	8	6.73	25.2 24.3	1397	AROWH.	No	ODORYE	30000
1033	D 55	AMRE.	6.95	24.3	1382	17			10
1107	12.00	Millia			:		-		
11	awdown (DTW ₂		30	X _F e	ast Rechargir	ng Well			
Pump Rate (C	SPM) = \mathcal{O}_{i}	31			ow Rechargi	ng Well			
			SAMPLING					<u>~/</u>	
Time Sampled:				Depth to Wate	er at time of sa				
Container Typ	es & Volumes	Filtered (Y/N)	Sample Pre			Analytica	l Paramete	ers ———	
2 or (3) x	40ml VOAs		HCL & ICE	or NONE	 	, BTEX, N	,		
					DIPE,	TAME, E	IBE, IBA	(62600)
BOREH	OLE VOLUI	ME CALCUI	ATIONS		RECOVE	RY CALC	ULATIO	NS	
11	tion of one bo ne formula in 1			% of Reco	overy = 1-	$(DTW_1) - (DTW_1)$	TW ₃)	× 100	
Casing	Borehole		d Borehole			(D1VV 1) - (D1	<u>-</u> .		
Diameter (in)	Diameter (in) 8		ie (gal) Ɓ-DTW₁)			(10.70)	12-56	_	1.86
2 2	° 10	-	B-DTW ₁)	% of Recov	very = 1 -	(10.70)-	(20.5)	= -	9.30
4	10		B-DTW ₁)			11	7	NA	ς.
4	12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B-DTW₁)	% of Recov			=	_ <u>&C</u>) _%
Notes:		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-			_
_				80% Recharg	na = 1,2	56			
<u></u>				oow Rechar	ye – <u>100</u>	.⇔ v			

APPENDIX G

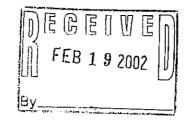
WASTE DISPOSAL DOCUMENTATION

		March the service and are a restriction of the								12
		NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST	1. Generator's US EPA		Manifest Document No. 2: 0: 6: 4:	2. Pag O of) e 1			
Å		Generator's Name and Mailing Address Susan Davey Property 1279/1281 E. Main St., Generator's Phone (6197296-6195								
	⊨	Transporter 1 Company Name EFR Environmental Serv	6.	US EPA ID N	lumber 0 1 1 2 0	A. Tro	nsporter's F	hone (519-956-277	70
	7.	Transporter 2 Company Name	8. I	US EPA ID N	lumber		nsporter's P	hone		
	9.	Designated Facility Name and Site Address Dome Rock Industries,		US EPA ID N	lumber	C. Fac	ility's Phone			
		3125 W. Dome Rock Road Quartzsite, AZ 85359		Z R O O O O) 3 5 9 1	5		<u>.</u>	928-927-768	38
	11	. Waste Shipping Name and Description	.,				12. Cont	ainers Type	13. Total Quantity	14. Unit Wt/Vel
	a.	Non-Hazardous Waste Li	quid				0.0.7	D-10-	00.1.1.0	G
- GENER	b.	Non-Hazardous Waste So	lid iid	APR 0 1 2	002					P
E R		a	Marie Control of the				CF O.L	17.50	0-1-0-0-0	
ATOR-			<u> Sy</u>	The second secon	- Charles Acade States					
	d.									
	D.	Additional Descriptions for Materials Listed Abo	ove 6195 PW 0	75		E. Har	ndling Code	s for W	astes Listed Above	'
		11a. Acceptance#	(Purge Water	•)		Ila.	01			
		11b. Acceptance#	(Soil Cuttin			116.				
	15	. Special Handling Instructions and Additional I	6195500L	S		110.	. 0 ;			
		ALWAYS WEAR APPROPR Please mail C/O Secor I	IATE P.P.E. AN					Ste.	302	
	16	GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: 1 certify the r	noterials described above on	this manifest are not	subject to federal r	equiations :	for reporting	nroner o	lisposal of Hazardous	Waste
Ţ		Printed Typed Name Ovindo	(Agent)	Signature	laws C	<u>)</u>	inter	o	Month Day 0.3 2.0	Year
TRANSPORTER	7	Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Printed Typed Name	ero	Signature	wi G	2	en Ca	<u> </u>	Month Day	Year O.Z
Ö R	18	. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of	Materials	Je:						
E R	10	Printed/Typed Name Discrepancy Indication Space		Signature					Month Day	Year
FAC	17									
4 1 1 1	20	. Facility Owner or Operator: Certification of rec	eipt of waste materials co	overed by this man	ifest except as no	ted in Iter	n 19.			
ľ		Printed/Typed Nome	/ /	Signature	1 Clark	U			Month Day	Year
		DEMONIA CONTROL OF		MANON	2 Jun	v		.17-DI	0000	00

APPENDIX H

SUBSURFACE SOIL AND GROUNDWATER LABORATORY
REPORTS AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY DOCUMENTATION





2/14/02

Secor International 2655 Camino Del Rio North San Diego, CA

Project Name:

Susan Davy Property - San Diego

Project No.:

080T.04926

Attention:

Mr. Peter Rubens

The following sample(s) were received and analyzed:

Date Received 2/8/02 <u>Quantity</u>

Matrix soil Date Received

Quantity

<u>Matrix</u>

The samples were analyzed by one or more of the EPA methodologies or equivalent methods listed below.

TPH -- CA DHS "Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons" VOCs -- EPA Method 8260

The results are included with a summary of the quality control procedures. Please note that the symbol "nd" indicates a value below the reporting limit for the particular compound in the sample.

Please feel free to call us to discuss any part of this report or to schedule future projects.

Sincerely,

Tamara Davis

Mobile One Laboratories is certified by the California Department of Health Services (certificate #s: 1194, 1561, 1921, 2088, 2278).

HP Labs Project #

SE021102-31



Report Summary

Matrix: soil Units: mg/kg

Secor International Susan Davy Property - San Diego Client: Project:

Method =	TPH TPH
Analyte =	Gasoline C ₆ -C ₁₂
Detection Limit -	10
SAMPLE 1.D.	
Date Analyzed: 02/12/02	
blank	pu
SS-1	pu
SS-2	pu
SS-3	pu
SS-4	nd
SS-5	pu
SS-6	pu
Z-SS	pu

Footnotes: See Footnote Summary page.

A. Kim Analyses performed by: SE021102-31

7			
: غرا	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
_			
	11	1100	1

soil ug/kg	SS-6 13 Feb 2002 12:50 pm 1	בה בה בה בה בה בה בה בה	103 122 111 106
Matrix: (Units: u	SS-5 SS-6 13 Feb 2002 12:26 pm 12:50 pm 1 Amount Found	pu pu pu pu	99 115 110
	SS-4 12 Feb 2002 8:54 pm 1	pu pu pu	<u>covery</u> 104 130 108 108
	SS-3 12 Feb 2002 8:32 pm 1	טט טט פע טט טט טט ט	Percent <u>Recovery</u> 106 133 110
0	SS-2 12 Feb 2002 8:11 pm 1	nd nd nd	102 127 110 105
Secor International Susan Davy Property - San Diego	SS-1 12 Feb 2002 7:50 pm 1	ס פע פער פער פער פער פער פער פער פער פער	Spiked QC Limits(% Rec.) 50 ng 65-135 104 50 ng 52-149 128 50 ng 65-135 110 50 ng 65-135 105
ımatic vy Pr	1 E.Q.L	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	QC Limi 65-135 52-149 65-135 65-135
Secor International Susan Davy Prope	:(o:	ther (MTBE	Spiked 50 ng 50 ng 50 ng 50 ng
Client: Project:	Sample Name: Analysis Date Analysis Time Dilution Factor: Purge Volume(cc):	Methyl-t-butylether (MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m,p-Xylene o-Xylene	Surrogates DBFM 1,2-DCA-d4 Toluene - d8 1,4-BFB

A. Kim Analyses performed by:

SE021102-31

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7				
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L	4	15700		-
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~		. (598)	ملحت	劃

Secor International Susan Davy Property - San Diego	SS-7 13 Feb 2002 6:14 pm 1 1 1 2 E.Q.L. Amount Found
Client: Secor Project: Susar	Sample Name: Analysis Date Analysis Time Dilution Factor: Purge Volume(cc):

Amount Found Amount Found

blank 13 Feb 2002 11:56 am

blank 12 Feb 2002 10:37 am

soil ug/kg

Matrix: Units:

nd nd nd nd	Percent Recovery 102 118 110 106
pu pu pu pu uq	<u>3C Limits(% Rec.)</u> 5-135 96 2-149 112 5-135 109 5-135 102
her (MTBE 10 10 10 10 10	Spiked QC Lim 50 ng 65-135 50 ng 52-149 50 ng 65-135 50 ng 65-135
Methyl-t-butylether (MTBE Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m.p-Xylene o-Xylene	Surrogates DBFM 1,2-DCA-d4 Toluene - d8 1,4-BFB

100 117 111 105

Analyses performed by: A. Kim

SE021102-31

Page 4 of 10



QC Summary

Client: Project:	Secor International Susan Davy Prope	Secor International Susan Davy Property - San Diego	san Diego			Matrix: soil
Method 8260		1,1-DCE	Benzene	TCE	Toluene	Cl-Benz
Recovery % QC Limits	C Limits	(65-135)	(65-135)	(65-135)	(64-135)	(65-135)
HPD - % QC LIMITS Date Analyzed: 2/	.Imits 2/12/02	<30	000	000		
Spike Level (ug/kg)	g/kg)	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Sample Amount	; ;	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0
MS Amount Found	nund	51.2 53.4	53.0 55.4	52.3 55.1	55.4 56.5	44.4 47.7
Me Becovery	5	102.4	106.0	104.5	106.4	88.8
MSD Recovery	_	106.8	110.8	110.2 5.3	108.6 2.0	95.4 7.2
ę 		Į				
Date Analyzed:	2/13/02					
Spike Level (ug/kg)	ug/kg)	50.0	50.0	50.0 0.0	50.0 3.8	50.0
Sample Amount MS Amount Found	ni bund	51.5	52.5	52.0	56.3	45.7
MSD Amount Found	Found	55,3	57.8	58.1	6.09	50.9
MS Recovery		103.0	104.4	104.0	105.0	91.3
MSD Recovery RPD - %	>	110.6 7.0	114.9 9.6	116.2	8.4 8.4	10.9

Calibration verification was within acceptable limits. SE021102-31

soil ug/kg

Sample Name:

Secor International Susan Davy Property - San Diego

Client: Project:

ccV 10 Feb 2002

20%) 20%) <u>s</u>

Matrix: Units:

Analysis Date		12 Feb 2002 9:47 am			
Dilution Factor:		-		CCC (-20 to +20%)	EPA 826 (-20 to +20
Compound	∢∣	Amount Found	Percent Diff	Pass	Pass
Dichlorodifluoromethane		. 49	ဇှ		yes
Chloromethane		39	-21		ou
Vinyl Chloride	000	46	တ္	yes	yes
Bromomethane		54	8		yes
Chloroethane		44	-12		yes
Trichlorofluoromethane		57	13		yes
1,1-Dichloroethene	000	51	7	yes	yes
Methylene Chloride		49	ကု		yes
Methyl-t-butylether		47	တု		yes
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		51	2		yes
1,1-Dichloroethane		45	<u></u>		yes
2,2-Dichloropropane		22	15		yes
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		49	7.		yes
Chloroform	000	56	12	yes	yes
Bromochloromethane		42	-16		yes
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		52	· -		yes
1,1-Dichloropropene		53	9		yes
Carbon Tetrachloride		50	0		yes
1,2-Dichloroethane		53	ល		yes
Benzene		50	-		yes
Trichloroethene		50	.		yes
1,2-Dichloropropane	000	40	-20	no	no
Bromodichloromethane		52	თ		yes
Dibromomethane		44	-12		yes
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		48	-ਨੂ		yes
Toluene	000	52	4	yes	yes
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		47	rὸ		yes
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		44	-12		yes
1,2-Dibromoethane		40	-19		yes
1,3-Dichloropropane		41	-17		yes

Page 6 of 10

Calibration Verification

EPA Method 8260B

soil ug/kg

Matrix: Units:

č	-	1 - 1	Ī	רו א ואופוווסת מכממם		
Client:	Secor International	national	i			Matrix:
Project:	Susan Dav	у ггорепу .	susan Davy Property - san Diego			Units:
						EPA 8260
Sample Name:		Ü	ccv			(-20 to +20%)
Compound		Amon	Amount Found	Percent Diff		Pass
Tetrachloroethene	sne		40	-20		no
Dibromochloromethane	nethane		36	-27	·	no
Chlorobenzene			43	<u>1</u> 5		yes
Ethylbenzene	_	000	44	-12	yes	yes
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	loroethane		42	-16		yes
m,p-Xylene			87	-13		yes
o-Xylene			43	-14		yes
Styrene			42	-16		yes
Bromoform			41	-19		yes
Isopropylbenzene	пе		50	0		yes
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	loroethane		41	2,8		yes
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	propane		46	တ္		yes
n-propylbenzene	ē		54	6		yes
Bromobenzene			48	4-		yes
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	benzene		52	က		yes
2-Chlorotoluene	O)		55	10		yes
4-Chlorotoluene	o.		55	ග		yes
tert-Butylbenzene	ne		48	4		yes
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	penzene		50	0		yes
sec-Butylbenzene	ine		48	တု		yes
p-IsopropyItoluene	ene		48	ស់		yes
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	nzene		45	တု		yes
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ızene		45	-10		yes
n-Butylbenzene	a)		53	ල		yes
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	nzene		43	-14		yes
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	chloropropar	92	37	-26		ou
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	oenzene		45	တု		yes
Hexachlorobutadiene	adiene		49	7		yes
Naphthalene			36	-27		no
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	oenzene		43	-14		yes
Surrogates	Spiked (QC Limits(% Rec.)	6 Rec.)		SUMMATION	NOIL
DBFM		80-120	93			
1,2-DCA-d4		65-135	110	All compounds	PASS	the average % Diff. Criteria
Toluene - d8		80-120	104	54 compounds	PASS	the 20% criteria
1,4-BFB	50 ng 6	65-135	26	1		

Page 7 of 10

CALIBRATION VERIFIED

EPA Method 8260B

Susan Davy Property - San Diego Secor International

soil ug/kg Matrix: Units:

Sample Name: Analysis Date Analysis Time Dilution Factor:	. ~	ccv 13 Feb 2002 8:52 am 1		CCC (***)	EPA 8260 (-20 to +20%)
Compound	Am	Amount Found	Percent Diff	Pass	Pass
Dichlorodifluoromethane		48	တု		yes
Chloromethane		39	-22		no
Vinvl Chloride	000	44	-13	yes	yes
Bromomethane		54	7		yes
Chloroethane		46	ထု		yes
Trichlorofluoromethane		58	15		yes
1.1-Dichloroethene	200	53	9	yes	yes
Methylene Chloride		50	-		yes
Methyl-t-butylether		64	28		ou
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene		54	∞		yes
1.1-Dichloroethane		47	တ္		yes
2,2-Dichloropropane		58	16		yes
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		51	-		yes
Chloroform	000	57	15	yes	yes
Bromochloromethane		. 42	-16		yes
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		58	15		yes
1,1-Dichloropropene		56	12		yes
Carbon Tetrachloride		53	9		yes
1,2-Dichloroethane		53	വ		yes
Benzene		53	7.		yes
Trichloroethene		53	7	-	yes
1,2-Dichloropropane	000	42	-16	yes	yes
Bromodichloromethane		53	വ		yes
Dibromomethane		45	F		yes
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		49	7		yes
Toluene	000	90	20	ou	ou
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		49	က္		yes
1.1.2-Trichloroethane		· 44	-12		yes
		9	č		Ç,

Project: Client:

yes yes yes no

1,2-Dibromoethane 1,3-Dichloropropane

Calibration Verification

EPA Method 8260B

Secor International Susan Davy Property - San Diego

Project: Client:

Matrix: Units:

ug/kg soil

EPA 8260	(%02+0)02-)	Pass	yes	ou	yes	yes yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes		SUMMATION		S the average % Diff. Criteria		
																																	ଷ		PASS	PASS	
		Percent Diff	91-	-29	-15	-7	-15	9-	-10	-14	-18	o	-17	-10	21	Ο1	12	18	16	4	17	വ	ಬ	7 -	9-	18	-15	-20	Ÿ	#	-20	-10			All compounds	54 compounds	
	200	Amount Found	47	36	43	46	42	94	45	43	41	54	42	45	09	51	56	59	58	52	59	52	52	48	47	59	43	40	49	55	40	45	QC Limits(% Rec.)	92	107	105	00
		An				000																						ne					QC Limit	80-120	65-135	80-120	101 101
		ç	<u>و</u> َ	ethane		-	proethane					Э	oroethane	opane	, nu		enzene			Ф	enzene	e e	ne	zene	zene		zene	hloropropa	enzene	diene		enzene	Spiked	50 ng			2
	sampie ivame;	Compound	l etrachioroethene	Dibromochloromethane	Chlorobenzene	Ethylbenzene	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	m,p-Xylene	o-Xylene	Styrene	Bromoform	Isopropylbenzene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	n-propylbenzene	Bromobenzene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	2-Chlorotoluene	4-Chlorotoluene	tert-Butylbenzene	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	sec-Butylbenzene	p-IsopropyItoluene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	n-Butylbenzene	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Hexachlorobutadiene	Naphthalene	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	Surrogates	DBFM	1,2-DCA-d4	Toluene - d8	7 000

SE021102-31

Page 9 of 10



Footnote Summary

Definition

Footnote

nd Not detected above the E.Q.L. or detection limit. Not detected above the E.Q.L. or detection limit. The concentration reported is between the Method Detection Limit and the E.Q.L. Concentration reported from a secondary dilution; E.Q.L.s adjusted accordingly. Analyte found in the associated blank. Analyte amount exceeds calibration range. Amount quantitated by extrapolation. *** MS/MSD, LCS/LCSD recovery is outside QC range; no corrective action taken. Surrogate recovery outside QC range due to matrix interference. Secause of necessary sample dilution, value was outside QC limits. Gasoline range organics not identified as gasoline. Diesel range organics not identified as diesel. This compound has been screened by EPA method 8020. Any positive results should be
--

ENVIRONMENT GEOCHEI

Беоснемізтях, ENVIRONMENTAL

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD P.O. #:

DATE OF 2/7/02 Of Container Q S h M 7 LABORATORY NOTES: Smy TAT PIELD NOTES SIDEWALL SIDEWAL TEG PRÓJECT #: \$6 020702-COLLECTOR: BRIAN M DEMINE TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAINERS CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS YININA SAU DIE60 REC'EIVED GOOD COND./COLD SAMPLE RECEIPT SEALS INTACT? YININA DATE: 2/8/02 LOCATION: 2/3/02/140p DATE/TIME PROJECT MANAGER: Peter Rubers -FAX: 619 296-6199 RECEIVED BY (Signature) RECEIVED BY (Signature) SISAIDAND SAMPLE DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS. 2655 CAMINO DEZ RIO NOTTH Aor Glass Container Type 452 Gl45S 402 GlR3 da 6hrs 102 6 ABS 402 6 lASS for GLASS DATE/TIME ☐ TEG DISPOSAL @ \$2.00 each Sample Type CLIENT PROJECT #:0807.04926 1045 Spir JISS 17401 S 1848 SSIL 00 PHONE: 619 296 6195 Sample Number | Depth | Time **705**4 801 105 State Secol RELINQUISHED BY: (Signature) m CLIENT: 55-5 55-6 55-3 55-4 \$5-2 8



Client: Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project:

Susan Davey Property

El Cajon, Ca

Project Number:

080T.04926.0007

Collected by:

Brian M. Demme

 Lab Number:
 26840-1

 Collected:
 03/05/02

 Received:
 03/06/02

 Matrix:
 Soil

Sample Description:

SB-4/5'

Analyzed:

03/12/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	mg/kg	mg/kg
Benzene	0.005	ND
Toluene	0.005	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.005	ND
Xylenes	0.005	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.005	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		99
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		· ·
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	0.5	ND
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		N/A

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

*PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

10

And Andrews An

soly

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

VS70312 MSD #7 26840-1.xls DZ/sks/pv/jh

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client: Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project: Susan Davey Property

El Cajon, Ca

Project Number: 080T.04926.0007

Collected by: Brian M. Demme

 Lab Number:
 26840-2

 Collected:
 03/05/02

 Received:
 03/06/02

 Matrix:
 Soil

Sample Description:

SB-4/10'

Analyzed:

03/12/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
., =	mg/kg	mg/kg
Benzene	0.1	ND
Toluene	0.1	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.1	0.4
Xylenes	0.1	1.2
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.1	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		100

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

10.

80.

BTX as a Percent of Fuel

2

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Ben.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

VS70312 MSD #7 26840-2.xls DZ/sks/pv/jh

805.544.4696

акких Туплажива полн

^{*}PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client: Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project:

Susan Davey Property

El Caion, Ca

Project Number:

080T.04926.0007

Collected by: Brian M. Demme

Lab Number:

26840-3

Collected:

03/05/02

Received:

03/06/02

Matrix:

Soil

Sample Description:

SB-4/12'

Analyzed:

03/12/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	mg/kg	mg/kg
		•
Benzene	0.5	0.9
Toluene	0.5	21.
Ethylbenzene	0.5	20.
Xylenes	0.5	190.
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		102

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

50.

1400.

BTX as a Percent of Fuel

15

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Control of the Same of the Control

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

*PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Alexa.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

VS70312 MSD #7 26840-3.xls DZ/sks/pv/jh

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client:

Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project:

Susan Davey Property

El Cajon, Ca

Project Number: Collected by: 080T.04926.0007

Brian M. Demme

Lab Number:

26840-4

Collected:

03/05/02

Soil

Received:

03/06/02

Matrix:

Sample Description:

SB-5/5'

Analyzed:

03/12/02

Method:

See Below

PQL*	RESULT**
mg/kg	mg/kg
0.005	ND
	96
	0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

0.5

ND

BTX as a Percent of Fuel

N/A

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

*PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

VS70312 MSD #7 26840-4.xls

DZ/sks/pv/jh

Dwain Zsadanyi

Project Manager

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client: Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project:

Susan Davey Property

El Cajon, Ca

Project Number:

080T.04926.0007

Collected by:

Brian M. Demme

 Lab Number:
 26840-5

 Collected:
 03/05/02

 Received:
 03/06/02

 Matrix:
 Soil

Sample Description:

SB-5/10'

Analyzed:

03/12/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	mg/kg	mg/kg
	0.5	4 5
Benzene	0.5	1.5
Toluene	0.5	18.
Ethylbenzene	0.5	11.
Xylenes	0.5	69.
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		100

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

50.

960.

BTX as a Percent of Fuel

9

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Buy.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

VS70312 MSD #7 26840-5.xls DZ/sks/pv/jh

805.544.4696

municación vy www.

^{*}PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client: Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project:

Susan Davey Property

El Cajon, Ca

Project Number:

080T.04926.0007

Collected by:

Brian M. Demme

 Lab Number:
 26840-6

 Collected:
 03/05/02

 Received:
 03/06/02

 Matrix:
 Soil

Sample Description:

SB-5/12'

Analyzed:

03/13/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL* mg/kg	RESULT** mg/kg
	0.5	3.9
Benzene	0.5	44.
Toluene	0.5	22.
Ethylbenzene	0.5	150.
Xylenes Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		107
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	50.	1800.
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		11

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

*PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

VS70312 MSD #7 26840-6.xls DZ/sks/pv/ccc/jh Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Dung.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

 $(\mathcal{C}^{k}_{i})_{i=1}, (i)_{i=1}, (i)_{i=1}$

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client: Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project:

Susan Davey Property

El Cajon, Ca

Project Number:

080T.04926.0007

Collected by: Brian M. Demme

Lab Number:

26840-7

Collected:

03/05/02

Received:

03/06/02

Matrix:

Soil

Sample Description:

SB-6/5'

Analyzed:

03/13/02

Method:

See Below

ieuioa.	266	DCIOAR	
<u>-</u>			_

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	mg/kg	mg/kg
D	0.005	ND
Benzene Toluene	0.005	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.005	ND
Xylenes	0.005	0.015
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.005	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		99

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

0.5

ND

BTX as a Percent of Fuel

N/A

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

*PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Allen.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

VS70312 MSD #7 26840-7.xls DZ/sks/pv/ccc/jh

805.544.4696www.ZymaXuarch.com

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client: Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project:

} +

Susan Davey Property

El Cajon, Ca

Project Number: Collected by: 080T.04926.0007

Brian M. Demme

Lab Number:

26840-8

Collected:

03/05/02

Received:

03/06/02

Matrix:

Soil

Sample Description:

SB-6/101

Analyzed:

03/13/02

Method:

See Below

000	DCIO	vv

CONSTITUENT	PQL* mg/kg	RESULT** mg/kg	
		-	
Benzene	0.005	0.015	
Toluene	0.005	0.040	
Ethylbenzene	0.005	0.007	
Xylenes	0.005	0.028	
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.005	ND	
Percent Surrogate Recovery		102	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	0.5	ND	
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		N/A	

*PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Alex.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

V\$70313 M\$D #7 26840-8.xls DZ/sks/pv/jh

805.544.4696

EMPS EMPORISE - 100

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client: Peter Rubens

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108

Project:

Susan Davey Property

El Cajon, Ca

Project Number:

080T.04926.0007

Collected by:

Brian M. Demme

Lab Number:

26840-9

Collected:

3/5/02

Received:

3/6/02

Matrix:

Soil

Sample Description:

SB-6/12'

Analyzed:

3/13/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	mg/kg	mg/kg
Benzene	0.005	ND
- oluene	0.005	ND
thylbenzene	0.005	ND
(ylenes	0.005	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.005	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		99
OTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	0.5	ND
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		N/A

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: MTBE not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Alex.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

VS70312 MSD #7 26840-9.xls DZ/sks/pv/ccc/jh

^{*}PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.





Client:

Project Number:

Collected by:

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number:

BLK VS70312

Collected:

Received:

Matrix:

Soil

Sample Description: Project:

Instrument Blank

Analyzed:

03/12/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL* mg/kg	RESULT** mg/kg
Benzene	0.005	ND
Foluene Foluene	0.005	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.005	ND
Kylenes	0.005	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.005	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		99

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Gasoline

0.5

ND

BTX as a Percent of Fuel

N/A

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

- *PQL Practical Quantitation Limit
- **Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

VS70312

MSD #7

VS70312c.xls

DZ/sks/pv

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Bank.

Dwain Zsadanyi

Project Manager



QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT BLANK RESULTS

Client:

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number: BLK VS70313
Collected:
Received:
Matrix: Soil

Project:

Project Number:

Sample Description:

Instrument Blank

Analyzed:

03/13/02

ONSTITUENT	PQL* mg/kg	RESULT** mg/kg
Benzene	0.005	ND
oluene	0.005	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.005	ND
Xylenes	0.005	ND -
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.005	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		96
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Gasoline	0.5	ND
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		N/A

**Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

VS70313 MSD #7 VS70313b.xls DZ/sks/ccc Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

All y

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager





Client:

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number:	QS VS70312
Collected:	
Received:	
Matrix:	Soil

Project:

Project Number:

Sample Description: Quality Assurance Spike

Analyzed:

03/12/02 See Below

Method:	See Below	
Amount Spiked	Amount Recovered	Percent
mg/kg	mg/kg	Recovery
0.012	0.011	92
0.162	0.157	97
0.048	0.041	85
0.251	0.221	88
0.145	0.152	105
		102
2.50	2.71	108
17	14	
epartment of Health Se	rvices: Laboratory #171	7
	Amount Spiked mg/kg 0.012 0.162 0.048 0.251 0.145 2.50	Amount Spiked mg/kg 0.012 0.011 0.162 0.048 0.041 0.251 0.145 0.152 2.50 2.71

VS70312 MSD #7 VS70312q.xls DZ/sks/jh

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager



QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT SPIKE DUPLICATE RESULTS

Client:

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number:	QSD VS70312	
Collected:		
Received:		
Matrix:	Soil	

Project:

Project Number: Collected by: Sample Description:

Quality Assurance Spike Duplicate

Analyzed: Method: 03/12/02 See Below

CONSTITUENT	Amount Spiked mg/kg	Amount Recovered mg/kg	Percent Recovery	Relative Percent Difference*
				·
Benzene	0.012	0.011	92	. 0
Toluene	0.162	0.159	98	1
Ethylbenzene	0.048	0.042	88	2
Xylenes	0.251	0.223	89	1
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.145	0.156	. 108	3
Percent Surrogate Recovery		· .	102	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON	S			
Gasoline	2.50	2.63	105	3
BTX as a Percent of Fuel	17	15		

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

*Relative Percent Difference of the spike and spike duplicate

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

V\$70312 M\$D #7 V\$70312q.xls DZ/sks/jh Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

But.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager Chain-of Custody Number:

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Client: Brian Demme

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302 San Diego, CA 92108-1633

Sosan Davey Property

Project Number:

080T.04926.00.0010

Collected by:

Project:

Marcus Siefert

Lab Number:

26673-1

Collected:

02/19/02

Received: Matrix: 02/20/02 Aqueous

Sample Description:

MW-1

Analyzed:

02/24/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT		
	PQL*	RESULT**
	ug/L	ug/L
	0.5	39.
Benzene	0.5	0.6
Toluene	0.5	69.
Ethylbenzene	0.5	0.9
Xylenes	0.5	ND
t-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	5.0	10.
t-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	0.5	46.
Diisopropyl Ether (DIPE)	0.5	ND
Ethyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE)		78.
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	70.
Percent Surrogate Recovery		101
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	50.	700.
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		6
ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department - Practical Quantitation Limit **Results listed as ND would have been reported if proceedings.	present at or above the listed P	
Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combinat Note: Analytical range is C4-C12. Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline. Note: Oxygenates not included in TPH result.		





Brian Demme

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108-1633

Project:

Sosan Davey Property

Project Number: Collected by: 080T.04926.00.0010

Marcus Siefert

Lab Number:

26673-2

Collected:

02/19/02

Received:

02/20/02

Matrix: Aqueous

Sample Description:

MW-2

Analyzed:

02/26/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	ug/L	ug/L
Benzene	20.	640.
Toluene	20.	83.
Ethylbenzene	20.	270.
Xylenes	20.	830.
-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	20.	ND
-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	200.	ND
Diisopropyl Ether (DIPE)	20.	680.
Ethyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE)	20.	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	20.	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		108
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	2000.	6300.
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		25
ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Depart POL - Practical Quantitation Limit **Results listed as ND would have been reported if polyote: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination Note: Analytical range is C4-C12. Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline. Note: Oxygenates not included in TPH result.	resent at or above the listed P	
VA110226 MSD #11	Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology Dwain Zsadanyi	y, inc.





Brian Demme Client:

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302 San Diego, CA 92108-1633

Project:

Sosan Davey Property

Project Number:

080T.04926.00.0010

Lab Number: 26673-3 Collected: 02/19/02 02/20/02 Received: Aqueous Matrix:

Sample Description:

MW-3

Analyzed:

02/26/02

See Below
RESUL
ug/l
ND
10
ND
N/A
rvices: Laboratory #1717

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

Note: Oxygenates not included in TPH result.



Brian Demme Client:

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302 San Diego, CA 92108-1633

Project:

Sosan Davey Property

Project Number: Collected by:

080T.04926.00.0010

Marcus Siefert

Lab Number:

26673-4

Collected:

02/19/02

Received:

02/20/02

Matrix: Aqueous

Sample Description:

MW-4

Analyzed:

02/26/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	ug/L	ug/L
Benzene	0.5	59.
Toluene	0.5	11.
Ethylbenzene	0.5	19.
Xylenes	0.5	54.
t-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	0.5	ND
t-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	5.0	ND
Diisopropyl Ether (DIPE)	0.5	0.9
Ethyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE)	0.5	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	0.7
Percent Surrogate Recovery		102

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

50.

480.

BTX as a Percent of Fuel

26

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

*PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

**Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: Oxygenates not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

VA110226 MSD #11

26673-4.xls Dwain Zsadanyi DZ/jgt/pv/lz

Project Manager



Client: **Brian Demme**

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108-1633

Project:

Sosan Davey Property

Project Number:

080T.04926.00.0010

Collected by:

Marcus Siefert

Lab Number:

26673-5

Collected:

02/19/02

Received:

02/20/02

Matrix: Aqueous

Sample Description:

MW-5

Analyzed:

02/26/02

Method:

See Below

Benzene Toluene	ug/L 0.5 0.5	ug/L ND
		ND
Toluene		
	0.5	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.5	ND
Xylenes	0.5	ND
t-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	0.5	ND
t-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	, 5.0	ND
Diisopropyl Ether (DIPE)	0.5	ND
Ethyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE)	0.5	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		104

ND

BTX as a Percent of Fuel

N/A

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717

*PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: Oxygenates not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Dwain Zsadanyi Project Manager

VA110225 MSD #11 26673-5.xls DZ/jgt/pv/lz

^{**}Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.



Client: **Brian Demme**

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302 San Diego, CA 92108-1633

Project:

Sosan Davey Property

Project Number:

080T.04926.00.0010

Collected by:

Marcus Siefert

Lab Number: Collected:

26673-6 02/19/02

Received:

Matrix:

02/20/02 Aqueous

Sample Description:

MW-6

Analyzed:

02/26/02

Method:

See Below

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	ug/L	ug/L
Benzene	0.5	. ND
Toluene	0.5	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.5	ND
Xylenes	0.5	ND
t-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	0.5	ND
t-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	5.0	ND
Diisopropyl Ether (DIPE)	0.5	ND
Ethyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE)	0.5	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		104
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	50.	ND
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		N/A

Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL.

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.

Note: TPH quantitated against gasoline.

Note: Oxygenates not included in TPH result.

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Dwain Zsadanyi **Project Manager**

VA110225 MSD #11 26673-6.xls DZ/jgt/pv/lz





Client: Brian Demme

SECOR International Inc.

2655 Camino Del Rio N., Ste. 302

San Diego, CA 92108-1633

Project:

Sosan Davey Property

Project Number:

080T,04926.00.0010

Lab Number:

26673-7

Collected:

02/19/02

Received:

02/20/02

Matrix:

Aqueous

Sample Description:

MW-7

Analyzed:

02/26/02

CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	ug/L	ug/L
Benzene	0.5	ND
oluene	0.5	ND
ithylbenzene	0.5	ND
(ylenes	0.5	ND
-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	0.5	ND
-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	5.0	ND
Disopropyl Ether (DIPE)	0.5	ИD
thyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE)	0.5	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		105
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Fotal Petroleum Hydrocarbons	50.	ND
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		N/A
ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA in Practical Quantitation Limit **Results listed as ND would have been reported		
Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Comb	ination.	
Note: Analytical range is C4-C12.		

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Dwain Zsadanyi **Project Manager**

Note: Oxygenates not included in TPH result.





ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number:	BLK VA70223
Collected:	
Received:	
Matrix:	Δαυρομε

Project:

Project Number:

Sample Description:

Instrument Blank

Analyzed:

02/23/02

lethod:	See	Below

Collected by:	Method: See I	Below
CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
	ug/L	ug/L
Benzene	0.5	ND
Toluene	0.5	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.5	ND
Xylenes	0.5	ND
t-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	0.5	ND
t-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	5.0	ND
Diisopropyl Ether (DIPE)	0.5	ND
Ethyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE)	0.5	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		95
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Gasoline	50.	ND
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		N/A

VA70223 MSD #7 VA70223b.xls

DZ/jgt/pv/cc

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.





Project Number:

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number:

QS VA70223

Collected:

Received:

Matrix:

Aqueous

Sample Description: Project:

Quality Assurance Spike

Analyzed:

02/23/02

Collected by:	Method:	See Below	
CONSTITUENT	Amount Spiked ug/L	Amount Recovered ug/L	Percent Recover
		<u> </u>	
Benzene	2.2	2.1	95
Toluene	26.5	25.7	97
Ethylbenzene	7.1	6.7	94
Xylenes	37.1	35.0	94
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	24.5	22.7	93
Percent Surrogate Recovery			101
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	,,2		
Gasoline	500.	517.	103
BTX as a Percent of Fuel	13	12	
ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA	Department of Health Se	ervices: Laboratory #171	7
Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Comb	ination.		

VA70223 MSD #7 VA70223q.xls DZ/jgt/pv/cc

Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.



QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT SPIKE DUPLICATE RESULTS

Client:

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 Lab Number: QSD VA70223
Collected:
Received:
Matrix: Aqueous

Project:

Project Number: Collected by: Sample Description:

Quality Assurance Spike Duplicate

Analyzed:

02/23/02

Method: See Below

CONSTITUENT	Amount Spiked ug/L	Amount Recovered ug/L	Percent Recovery	Relative Percent Difference*
Benzene	2.2	2.1	95	0
Foluene	26.5	25.9	98	1
Ethylbenzene	7.1	7.3	103	9
(ylenes	37.1	37.5	101	7
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	24.5	19.8	81	14
Percent Surrogate Recovery		·	100	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARB	ons	"		
Gasoline	500.	474.	95	9
BTX as a Percent of Fuel	13	14		

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

VA70223 MSD #7 VA70223q.xls DZ/jgt/pv/cc Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

Bony.



QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT BLANK RESULTS

Lab Number: **BLK VA110225** Client: ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. Collected: 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 Received: San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 Matrix: Aqueous Project: Sample Description: Instrument Blank Project Number: Analyzed: 02/25/02 Method: See Below Collected by: CONSTITUENT PQL* RESULT** ug/L ug/L 0.5 ND Benzene 0.5 ND Toluene 0.5 ND Ethylbenzene 0.5 ND **Xylenes** 0.5 ND t-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME) 5.0 ND t-Butyl Alcohol (TBA) 0.5 ND Diisopropyl Ether (DIPE) 0.5 ND Ethyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE) 0.5 ND Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE) 105 Percent Surrogate Recovery TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS 50. ND Gasoline N/A BTX as a Percent of Fuel ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Services: Laboratory #1717 *PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit **Results listed as ND would have been reported if present at or above the listed PQL. Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination. Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. VA110225 MSD #11

Dwain Zsadanyi

Project Manager

805.544.4696 www.ZymaXusa.com

A110225b.xls

DZ/jgt/pv/lz

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ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

QS VA110225 Lab Number: Collected: Received: Aqueous Matrix:

Project:

Project Number: Collected by:

Sample Description:

Quality Assurance Spike

Analyzed:

02/25/02

Method: See Below

CONSTITUENT	Amount Spiked ug/L	Amount Recovered ug/L	Percent Recovery
	3.0	2.6	87
Benzene	33.8	34.2	101
Toluene	9.0	8.9	99
Ethylbenzene	46.7	48.7	104
Xylenes		40.0	115
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	34.7	40.0	110
Percent Surrogate Recovery			105
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS			
Gasoline	500.	545.	109
BTX as a Percent of Fuel	17	16	

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. is certified by CA Department of Health Service

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

VA110225 MSD #11 A110225q.xls DZ/jgt/pv/lz

Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.





ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number:

QSD VA110225

Collected:

Received:

Matrix:

Aqueous

Project:

Project Number:

Collected by:

Sample Description:

Quality Assurance Spike Duplicate

Analyzed:

2/25/02

Method: See Be	

CONSTITUENT	Amount Spiked	Amount Recovered	Percent	Relative Percent
	ug/L	ug/L	Recovery	Difference*
Benzene	3.0	2.8	93	7
Toluene	33.8	35.6	105	4
Ethylbenzene	9.0	9.4	104	5
Xylenes	46.7	50.6	108	4
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	34.7	40.6	117	1
Percent Surrogate Recovery		•	106	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBO	DNS			
Gasoline	500.	570.	114	4
BTX as a Percent of Fuel	17	16		

*Relative Percent Difference of the spike and spike duplicate

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

VA110225 MSD #11 A110225q.xis DZ/jgt/pv/lz

Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.





ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number: **BLK VA110226** Collected: Received: Matrix: Aqueous

Project: Sample Description: Project Number:

Instrument Blank 02/26/02

Collected by:	Analyzed: 02/2 Method: See I	6/02 3elow
CONSTITUENT	PQL*	RESULT**
4.5	ug/L	ug/L
Benzene	0.5	ND
Toluene	0.5	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.5	ND
Xylenes	0,5	ND
t-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	0.5	ND
t-Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	5.0	ND
Diisopropyl Ether (DIPE)	0.5	ND
Ethyl-t-Butyl Ether (ETBE)	0.5	ND
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.5	ND
Percent Surrogate Recovery		105
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS		
Gasoline	50.	ND
BTX as a Percent of Fuel		N/A

VA110226 MSD #11 A110226b.xls DZ/jgt/pv/lz

Submitted by,

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.



QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT SPIKE RESULTS

Client:

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number: QS VA110226 Collected: Received: Matrix: Aqueous

Project:

Project Number:

Sample Description:

Quality Assurance Spike

Analyzed:

02/26/02

Collected by:	Method:	See Below	
CONSTITUENT	Amount Spiked ug/L	Amount Recovered ug/L	Percent Recovery
Benzene	3.0	2.6	87
Toluene	33.8	30.9	91
Ethylbenzene	9.0	8.6	96
Xylenes	46.7	45.3	97
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	34.7	36.5	105
Percent Surrogate Recovery			99
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	·		
Gasoline	500.	515.	103
BTX as a Percent of Fuel	17	15	

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

VA110226 MSD #11 A110226q.xls DZ/jgt/pv/lz

Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.



QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT SPIKE DUPLICATE RESULTS

Client:

ZymaX envirotechnology, inc. 71 Zaca Lane, Suite 110 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Lab Number:	QSD VA110226	
Collected:		
Received:		
Matrix:	Aqueous	

Project:

Project Number: Collected by:

Sample Description:

Quality Assurance Spike Duplicate

Analyzed:

02/26/02

Wethod:	See Below	

CONSTITUENT	Amount Spiked	Amount Recovered	Percent	Relative Percent
	ug/L	ug/L	Recovery	Difference*
Benzene	3.0	2.6	87	0
Toluene	33.8	33.3	99	7
Ethylbenzene	9.0	9.1	101	6
Xylenes	46.7	48.3	103	6
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	34.7	37.8	109	3
Percent Surrogate Recovery			100	
TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBO	DNS	·		
Gasoline	500.	545.	109	6
BTX as a Percent of Fuel	17	15		

Note: Analyzed by EPA 8260 and GC/MS Combination.

VA110226 MSD #11 A110226q.xls DZ/jgt/pv/lz

Submitted by, ZymaX envirotechnology, inc.

ਰ Page_(100 Date: